# **Environmental Product Declaration (EPD)**

# Declaration code M-EPD-VMG-GB-001009

Note: This EPD is based on the model EPD flat glass.





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Joh. Sprinz GmbH & Co. KG

# flat glass

Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit (double and triple structure)





Basis:

DIN EN ISO 14025 EN 15804 + A2 Model EPD

Environmental Product Declaration

> Publication date: 24.01.2024 Valid until: 24.01.2029



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Accredited Certification Body Products + Services EN ISO/IEC 17065



**Environmental Product Declaration (EPD)** 



# Declaration code M-EPD-VMG-GB-001009

Programme operator	ift Rosenheim GmbH Theodor-Gietl-Straße 7-9 83026 Rosenheim, Germany			
Practitioner of the LCA	ift Rosenheim GmbH Theodor-Gietl-Straße 7-9 83026 Rosenheim, Germany			
Declaration holder	Joh. Sprinz GmbH & Co. KG Lagerstraße 13 88287 Grünkraut, Germany www.sprinz.eu			
Declaration code	M-EPD-VMG-GB-001009			
Designation of declared product	Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit (double and triple structure)			
Scope	Laminated safety glass for processing into insulating glass units and for use as glass for buildings (in the building envelope and for finishing of works / structures). Insulating glass units for installation in windows, doors, curtain walling, roofs and partitions.			
Basis	This EPD was prepared on the basis of EN ISO 14025:2011 and DIN EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. In addition, the "Allgemeiner Leitfaden zur Erstellung von Typ III Umweltproduktdeklarationen" (General guideline for preparation of Type III Environmental Product Declarations) applies. The declaration is based on PCR documents "PCR Part A" PCR-A-0.3:2018, "Flat glass in building industry" PCR-FG-2.0:2021 as well as EN 17074.			
	Publication date:Last revision:Valid until:24.01.202420.02.202424.01.2029			
Validity	This verified Model Environmental Product Declaration applies solely to the specified products and is valid for a period of five years from the date of publication according to DIN EN 15804.			
LCA Basis	The LCA was prepared in accordance with DIN EN ISO 14040 and DIN EN ISO 14044. The data collected from selected members of the Bundesverband Flachglas e. V. (Federal Flat Glass Association) were used as a data basis, as well as generic data from the database "LCA for Experts 10". LCA calculations were carried out for the included "cradle to grave" including all upstream chains (e.g. raw material extraction, etc.).			
Notes	The ift-Guidance Sheet "Conditions and Guidance for the Use of ift Test Documents" applies. ift Rosenheim GmbH is not liable for the contents of the model EPD. The parties involved in the preparation are each liable for the information and evidence they provide.			
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#### Product group flat glass

# **1** General Product Information

**Product definition** 

The EPD relates to the product group "flat glass" and applies to:

# 1 m<sup>2</sup> Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit (double and triple structure) made by Joh. Sprinz GmbH & Co. KG

The functional unit is obtained by summing up:

Product group (PG) <sup>(1)</sup>	Declared unit	Density <sup>(2)</sup>	
PG 3:	1 m²	2.34 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Laminated safety glass, LSG	1 111-		
PG 4:			
Insulating glass unit double structure,	1 m²	0.66 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
IGU double			
PG 5:			
Insulating glass unit triple structure,	1 m²	0.29 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
IGU triple			

<sup>(1)</sup> The product groups PG 1 and PG 2 are described in more detail in M-EPD-FEG-GB-001000.

 $^{(2)}$  Product weight based on 1 m² and the respective structure (total thickness glass + film (PVB density 1.07 kg/m²\*mm) or spacer "A" (calculation according to footnote<sup>(4)</sup>))

Table 1 Product groups

Assessed product	Weight per unit area <sup>(3)</sup>	Thickness
LSG 31.63 kg/m <sup>2</sup>		14 mm (6FG - 1.52PBV - 6FG)
IGU double	21.21 kg/m²	8 + A mm (4FG - A - 4FG) <sup>(4)</sup>
IGU triple 31.34 kg/m <sup>2</sup>		12 + 2*A mm (4FG - A - 4FG - A - 4FG) <sup>(4)</sup>

<sup>(3)</sup> Due to the averaging and the data basis, a deviation from standard area weights is possible.

<sup>(4)</sup> A - Distance over the determined average data; due to the data basis, it is not possible to specify spatial dimensions (width, height), which is why an average distance "A" of unknown dimension is modeled. Spacers in a size range of 0.6 cm - 2.4 cm (IGU double) and 1.20 cm - 4.80 cm (IGU triple) were taken into account. To calculate the density, the worst case of 2.4 cm (IGU double) or 4.80 cm (IGU triple) was assumed for "A".

#### Table 2 Reference products

The average unit is declared as follows:

Directly used material flows are determined by means of manufactured areas  $(m^2)$  and allocated to the declared unit. All other inputs and outputs in the production were scaled to the declared unit in their entirety since no direct assignment to the area is possible. The reference period is the period from 2021 - 2023.



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The validity of this EPD excludes the following variants/components:

- Separating foils in LSG that differ from PVB
- Coated float glass<sup>(1)</sup>
- Fire protection glass
- Installations in the cavity of insulating glass units
- Gas fillings deviating from argon/air in the cavity between panes of insulating glass units

<sup>(1)</sup> This model EPD only covers uncoated float glass. For the correct calculation of a insulating glass unit with coated float glass, a separate EPD of a coated float glass must be calculated as shown in the calculation example (see page 30).

# **Product description** Laminated safety glass Laminated safety glass (LSG) consists of at least two glass panes lying one on top of the other, with one or several layers of a tear-resistant, viscoelastic film positioned between the panes, which mostly consist of polyvinyl butyral (PVB). The theoretical configuration of the laminated safety glasses presented in this LCA is as follows: - LSG: 6 mm FG, 1.52 mm PVB foil, 6 mm FG Insulating glass unit Glass unit consisting of two or several glass panes separated from each other by one or several cavities containing an air or gas filling. The edges of the panes are hermetically sealed (air/gas and moisture proof) using e.g. organic sealing compounds. The configuration of the insulating glass units presented in this EPD is as follows: Double structure: 2\*4 mm FG, A mm spacer Triple structure: 3\*4 mm FG, two A mm spacers Laminated safety glasses and insulating glass units with different structures in terms of the types of glass used (FG, TSG, HS TSG, HSG, LSG) or intermediate layers (for LSG) or glass thicknesses can be

evaluated in accordance with this LCA. An example of the calculation procedure can be found after the overall results table on pages 29 and 30.

For a detailed product description refer to the manufacturer specifications or the product specifications of the respective offer/quotation.

# Product manufacture Laminated safety glass (LSG)

For the manufacture of LSG, an intermediate layer (plastic film, usually PVB) is placed between the panes of glass and these are pressed together in an autoclave under the action of heat and pressure.

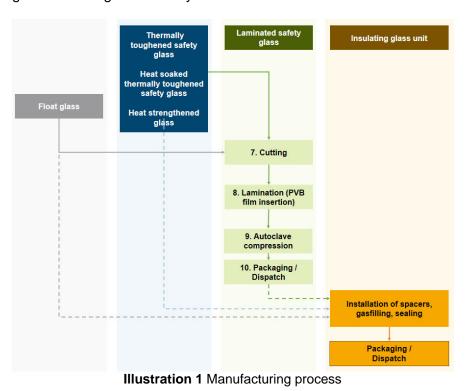
#### Insulating glass unit

Glass panes are positioned the desired distance apart using one or several spacer profiles made from aluminium, stainless steel or plastic/metal combinations, or containing organic materials, and are

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joined and sealed in a gas-proof manner using two sealing planes, following the filling of the cavities with inert gas (generally argon). As only argon is considered for the gas filling in the cavity between the panes, the LCA is also only permissible for insulating glass units with argon or air filling in the cavity.



The coating process for float glass is not covered in this LCA. For the correct calculation of an insulating glass unit with coated float glass, a separate EPD of a coated float glass must be calculated as shown in the calculation example (see page 30).

Laminated safety glass for further processing into insulating glass unit and applications as glass for the building industry (use in the building envelope and in the finishing of structural facilities/structures). Insulating glass units for installation in windows, doors, curtain walling, roofs and partitions.

**Quality assurance** 

Application

The following quality assurance system are in place:

- ift Rosenheim: 691+692+D-8019543-1-6 for IGU (QM327)
- ift Rosenheim: 0757-CPR-691+692+D-8019543-3-1 for bullet resistant IGU (EN 1279-5:2018-07)
- ift Rosenheim: 695-8019543-1-5 for LG and LSG (QM332)
- ift Rosenheim: 0757-CPR695+D-8019543-1-4 for bullet restistant LG and LSG (EN 14449-2005-05/AC:2005-10)
- RAL-RG-520-024 for IGU

Further information about RAL quality assurance: <u>https://www.ral-quetezeichen.de/qz-einzelansicht/?qz=qz\_520</u>.

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Management systems	<ul> <li>The following management systems are held:</li> <li>Quality management system as per DIN EN ISO 9001:2015</li> <li>Energy management system as per DIN EN ISO 50001:2018</li> </ul>
Additional information	For additional verifications of applicability or conformity refer to the CE marking and the documents accompanying the product, if applicable.
	Laminated safety glass fulfill the following building-physical performance characteristics:

	Laminated safety glass	
Resistance	EN 14449	
Failure pattern	EN 14449	
Residual loadbearing capacity	yes	

Insulating glass unit fulfill the following building-physical performance characteristics:

Characteristics	Designation	Product standard	Unit
Thermal transmittance	Ug value	EN 1279	W/(m²*K)
Total energy transmittance	g value	EN 1279	%
Light transmittance	$ au_{\vee}$	EN 1279	%
Sound reduction index	Rw value	EN 1279	dB

# 2 Materials used

Primary materialsThe raw materials used can be found in Section 6.2 Inventory analysis<br/>(Inputs).<br/>The primary materials used are listed in the LCA (see Section 7).Declarable substancesThe product contains no substances from the REACH candidate list<br/>(declaration dated 08.02.2024).All relevant safety data sheets are available from Joh. Sprinz GmbH &<br/>Co. KG

# **3** Construction process stage

ProcessingLaminated safety glass can be processed into insulating glass unit. It can<br/>also be used separately; depending on the application, other processes<br/>such as cutting, polishing or drilling may be applied.

Observe the instructions for assembly/installation, operation, maintenance and disassembly, provided by the manufacturer.

# 4 Use stage

Emissions to the<br/>environmentNo emissions to indoor air, water and soil are known. According to EN<br/>17074, the consideration of VOC emissions in glass products is not<br/>relevant.

**Reference service life (RSL)** The RSL information was provided by the manufacturer. The RSL must be established under specified reference conditions of use and relate to

the declared technical and functional performance of the product within the building. It must be determined according to all specific rules given in European product standards or, if none are available, according to a c-PCR. It must also take into account ISO 15686-1, -2, -7 and -8. If there is guidance on deriving RSLs from European Product Standards or a c-



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PCR, then such guidance must take precedence. If it is not possible to determine the service life as the RSL in accordance with ISO 15686, the BBSR table "Nutzungsdauer von Bauteilen zur Lebenszyklusanalyse nach BNB" (service life of building components for life cycle assessment in accordance with the sustainable construction evaluation system) can be used. For further information and explanations refer to www.nachhaltigesbauen.de. For this EPD the following applies: For a "cradle to grave" EPD and Module D (A + B + C + D), a reference service life (RSL) must be specified. The service life of laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit of company Joh. Sprinz GmbH & Co. KG is specified as 30 years according to EN 17074. The service life is dependent on the characteristics of the product and inuse conditions. The service life solely applies to the characteristics specified in this EPD or the corresponding references. The RSL does not reflect the actual life time, which is usually determined by the service life and the redevelopment of a building. It does not give any information on the useful life, warranty referring to performance characteristics or quarantees. End-of-life stage Possible end-of-life stages Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit are sent to central collection points. There the products are usually shredded and sorted into their constituents. The end-of-life stage depends on the site where the products are used and is therefore subject to the local regulations. Observe the locally applicable regulatory requirements. This EPD shows the end-of-life modules based on EN 17074 (Market situation). Glass and metal are recycled to certain parts. Plastics are thermally recycled. Residual fractions are sent to landfill. **Disposal routes** The LCA includes the average disposal routes.

All life cycle scenarios are detailed in the Annex.



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# 6 Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)

Environmental product declarations are based on life cycle assessments (LCAs) which use material and energy flows for the calculation and subsequent representation of environmental impacts.

As a basis for this, life cycle assessments were prepared for Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit. The LCAs are in conformity with the requirements set out in DIN EN 15804 and the international standards DIN EN ISO 14040, DIN EN ISO 14044 and EN ISO 14025 as well as based on ISO 21930.

The LCA is representative of the products presented in the Declaration and the specified reference period.

#### 6.1 Definition of goal and scope

Aim

The goal of the LCA is to demonstrate the environmental impacts of the products. In accordance with DIN EN 15804, the environmental impacts covered by this Environmental Product Declaration are presented for the entire product life cycle in the form of basic information.

Individual evaluations of the environmental impacts for the balanced PVB film of LSG and the respective spacers "A" of the insulating glass units over the entire product life cycle are given. No other additional environmental impacts are specified.

#### Data quality, data availability and geographical and timerelated system boundaries

The specific data originate exclusively from the period 2021 - 2023. They were collected on-site at the plants of selected members of the Bundesverband Flachglas e. V. (Federal Flat Glass Association) and originate in parts from company records and partly from values directly obtained by measurement. Validity of the data was checked by the ift Rosenheim.

For each product group, data was collected from several manufacturers in different European countries. The number, location and coverage of the total production volume in Germany by the balanced production volume of German manufacturers are shown below.

Product group	LSG	IGU double	IGU triple
Number and location	3x Germany	2x Germany 1x Poland	2x Germany 1x Poland
Market share	0.90 %	1.46 %	

 Table 3 Number and location of data suppliers and coverage of the total

 production volume in Germany by the balanced production volume of German

 manufacturers per product group

The coverage of the production volume in relation to the European region cannot be quantified due to unavailable data. An extrapolation of the model EPD to manufacturers within the EU (with the exception of Germany) therefore takes place in an undefined quality. This requires, among other things, the selection of a safety margin of 30 % (see section 6.3).



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The generic data originates from the professional database and building materials database software "LCA for Experts 10". The last update of both databases was in 2023. Data from before this date originate also from these databases and are not more than seven years old. No other generic data were used for the calculation.

Generic data are selected as accurately as possible in terms of geographic reference. If no country-specific data sets are available or if the regional reference cannot be determined, European or globally valid data sets are used.

Data gaps were either filled with comparable data or conservative assumptions, or the data were cut off in compliance with the 1% rule.

The life cycle was modelled using the sustainability software tool "LCA for Experts" for the development of life cycle assessments.

The data quality complies with the requirements of prEN 15941:2022.

Scope / system boundaries The system boundaries refer to the supply of raw materials and purchased parts, manufacture/production, use and end-of-life stage of Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit.

For float glass, additional specific data for production at the sub-supplier were taken into account (M-EPD-FEG-GB-001000, PG 1).

No additional data from pre-suppliers or other sites were taken into consideration.

**Cut-off criteria** All company data collected, i.e. all commodities/input and raw materials used, the thermal energy and electricity consumption, were taken into consideration.

The boundaries cover only the product-relevant data. Building sections/parts of facilities that are not relevant to the manufacture of the products, were excluded.

The transport distances of the pre-products used were taken into consideration as a function of 100% of the mass of the products. A truck-semitrailer (34-40 t total weight, 27 t payload) with Euro 0-6 Mix is used for recorded transport distances for pre-products. 61% capacity was used (according to the standard data set). The Euro standard mix and capacities used are representative of the usual supply chain situations and can therefore be applied.

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	<ul> <li>For transport distances that are not recorded in the company, a transport mix is assumed in the LCA. The transport mix is consisted as follows and is derived from the research project "EPDs for transparent components":</li> <li>Truck, 26 – 28 t total weight / 18.4 t payload, Euro 6, freight, 85% capacity used, 100 km,</li> <li>Truck-trailer, 28 – 34 t total weight / 22 t payload, Euro 6, 50% capacity used, 50 km,</li> <li>Freight train, electric and diesel-operated, D 60%, E 51% utilization, 50 km,</li> <li>Seagoing vessel, consumption mix, 50 km.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In addition to the transport distances for pre-products, transport distances for waste were also taken into account. The transport of generated waste in A3 was mapped with the following scenario:</li> <li>Transport to collection point using 28-34 t truck (Euro 0-6 Mix), Diesel, 22 t payload, for round trip total: 50 % capacity utilization and 100 km.</li> </ul>
	The criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs as set out in DIN EN 15804 are fulfilled. From the data analysis it can be assumed that the total of negligible processes per life cycle stage does not exceed 1% of the mass/primary energy. This way the total of negligible processes does not exceed 5% of the energy and mass input. The life cycle calculation also includes material and energy flows that account for less than 1%.
6.2 Inventory analysis	
Aim	All material and energy flows are described below. The processes covered are presented as input and output parameters and refer to the declared/functional units.
Life cycle stages	The complete life cycle of Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit is shown in the annex. The product stage "A1 – A3", construction process stage "A4 – A5", use stage "B1 – B7", end-of-life stage "C1 – C4" and the benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries "D" are considered.
Benefits	<ul> <li>The below benefits have been defined as per DIN EN 15804:</li> <li>Benefits from recycling</li> <li>Benefits (thermal and electrical) from incineration</li> </ul>
Allocation of co-products Allocations for re-use, recycling and recovery	No allocations occur during production. If the products are reused/recycled and recovered during the product stage (rejects), the elements are shredded, if necessary and then sorted into their constituents. This is done by various process plants, e.g. magnetic separators. The system boundaries were set following their disposal, reaching the



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Allocations beyond life cycle<br/>boundariesThe use of recycled materials in the manufacturing process was based<br/>on the current market-specific situation. In parallel to this, a recycling<br/>potential was taken into consideration that reflects the economic value of<br/>the product after recycling (recyclate).<br/>The system boundary set for the recycled material refers to collection.Secondary materialThe use of secondary materials in Module A3 was considered. Secondary<br/>material is not used.

Inputs The following manufacturing-related inputs were included in the LCA per 1 m<sup>2</sup> Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit (double and triple structure):

#### Energy

For the input material natural gas, "Natural gas mix RER", for the input material propane, "Propane RER" and for the input material liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), "Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) RER" was assumed. The power consumption is based on "Strommix Deutschland" (Germany electricity mix).

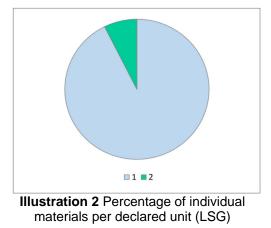
A portion of the process heat is used for space heating. This can, however, not be quantified, hence a "worst case" figure was taken into account for the product.

#### Water

The water consumed by the individual process steps for the manufacture of 46.34 I (LSG), 8.73 I (IGU double) or 13.06 I (IGU triple) per m<sup>2</sup> element. The consumption of fresh water specified in Section 6.3 originates (among others) from the process chain of the pre-products and the process water for cooling.

#### Raw material/Pre-products

The chart below shows the share of raw materials/pre-products in percent.



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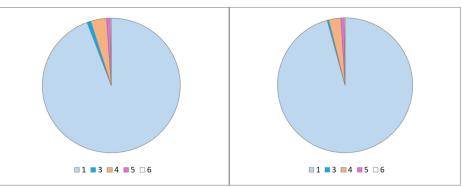


Illustration 3 Percentage of individual materials per declared unit (IGU double and IGU triple)

In addition, the balanced material mix of the spacers for IGU double and IGU triple is shown as a percentage for each declared unit. For the material mix, spacers in a size range of 0.6 cm - 2.4 cm (IGU double) and 1.20 cm - 4.80 cm (IGU triple) were taken into account.

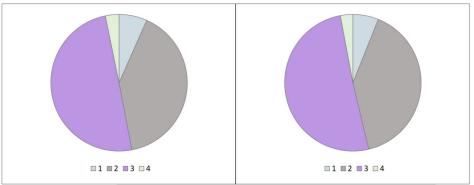


Illustration 4 Percentage of spacer material mix per declared unit (IGU double and IGU triple)

No	Material	Mass in %			
INO.		LSG	IGU double	IGU triple	
1	Float glass	92.60	94.31	95.71	
2	PVB-interlayer	7.40		-	
3	Gas filling (Argon)	- 0.87 0.38		0.38	
4	Sealant	-	3.74	2.91	
5	Spacer	-	0.86	0.79	
6	Desiccant (Zeolite)	-	0.23	0.21	

 Table 4 Percentage of individual materials per declared unit

In the case of purchased flat glass (float glass, thermally toughened safety glass, heat soaked thermally toughened safety glass, heat strengthened glass and laminated safety glass), float glass was uniformly recognised in the balance sheet.



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No.	Material mix spacers	Mass in % per 1 m <sup>2</sup>		
		IGU double	IGU triple	
1	Aluminium	6.64	6.07	
2	Stainless steel	40.38	40.20	
3	Plastic (PVC)	49.79	50.78	
4	Glass fibre	3.22 2.94		

**Table 5** Percentage of spacer material mix per declared unit

#### Ancillary materials and consumables

There are 401 g (LSG), 16 g (IGU double) or 20 g (IGU triple) of ancillary materials and consumables.

#### **Product packaging**

The amounts used for product packaging are as follows:

No.	Material	Mass in g			
INO.	IVIALEITAI	LSG	IGU double	IGU triple	
1	PE film	7.59	34.09	30.24	
2	Wood	63.66	119.10	153.95	
3	Cardboard	-	18.68	15.89	
4	Upholstery material (XPS)/polystyrene	2.13 0.52 0		0.40	
5	PET strapping	2.59	6.22	5.78	
6	Cork spacer plates	1.58	22.43	28.99	
7	Corrugated board spacer	13.29	-	-	
8	PVC spacer	- 0.18 0.2		0.23	
9	PUR spacer	-	0.16	0.21	
10	Steel brackets	-	0.37	0.48	
11	Adhesive tape (PET/silicone)	-	1.25	1.23	
12	Reusable steel frame	1,081.42 746.94		859.60	

 Table 6
 Weight in g of packaging per declared unit

#### **Biogenic carbon content**

Only the biogenic carbon content of the associated packaging is reported, as the total mass of biogenic carbon-containing materials is less than 5% of the total mass of the product and associated packaging. According to EN 16449, the following amounts of biogenic carbon are generated for packaging:

		Content in kg C per m <sup>2</sup>		
No. Part			IGU	IGU
		LSG	double	triple
1	In the corresponding packaging	0.11	0.26	0.32

 Table 7 Biogenic carbon content of the packaging at the factory gate

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Outputs

The following manufacturing-related outputs were included in the LCA per 1 m<sup>2</sup> laminated safety glass or insulating glass unit (double and triple structure):

#### Waste

Secondary raw materials were included in the benefits. See Section 6.3 Impact assessment.

#### Waste water

The production process generates 38.65 I (LSG), 8.73 I (IGU double) or 13.06 I (IGU triple) of waste water.

#### 6.3 Impact assessment

Aim

The impact assessment covers both inputs and outputs. The impact categories applied are stated below:

**Core indicators** The models for impact assessment were applied as described in DIN EN 15804-A2.

The core indicators presented in the EPD are as follows:

- Climate change total (GWP-t)
- Climate change fossil (GWP-f)
- Climate change biogenic (GWP-b)
- Climate change land use & land use change (GWP-I)
- Ozone depletion (ODP)
- Acidification (AP)
- Eutrophication freshwater (EP-fw)
- Eutrophication salt water (EP-m)
- Eutrophication land (EP-t)
- Photochemical ozone creation (POCP)
- Depletion of abiotic resources fossil fuels (ADPF)
- Depletion of abiotic resources minerals and metals (ADPE)
- Water use (WDP)



















**Resource management** The models for impact assessment were applied as described in DIN EN 15804-A2.

The following resource use indicators are presented in the EPD:

- Renewable primary energy as energy source (PERE)
- Renewable primary energy for material use (PERM) •
- Total use of renewable primary energy (PERT) •
- Non-renewable primary energy as energy source (PENRE) •
- Renewable primary energy for material use (PENRM) •
- Total use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRT)
- Use of secondary materials (SM) •
- Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) •
- Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF)
- Net use of freshwater resources (FW)



Waste

The waste generated during the production of 1 m<sup>2</sup> Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit (double and triple structure) is evaluated and shown separately for the fractions trade wastes, special wastes and radioactive wastes. Since waste handling is modelled within the system boundaries, the amounts shown refer to the deposited wastes. A portion of the waste indicated is generated during the manufacture of the preproducts.

The models for impact assessment were applied as described in DIN EN 15804-A2.

The following waste categories and indicators for output closures are presented in the EPD:

- Disposed hazardous waste (HWD) •
- Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD)
- Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) •
- Components for re-use (CRU)
- Materials for recycling (MFR) •
- Materials for energy recovery (MER)
- Exported electrical energy (EEE) •
- Exported thermal energy (EET)

















Additional environmental impact indicators	<ul> <li>The models for impact assessment were applied as described in DIN EN 15804-A2.</li> <li>The additional impact categories presented in the EPD are as follows: <ul> <li>Particulate matter emissions (PM)</li> <li>Ionizing radiation, human health (IRP)</li> <li>Ecotoxicity – freshwater (ETP-fw)</li> <li>Human toxicity, carcinogenic effects (HTP-c)</li> <li>Human toxicity, non-carcinogenic effects (HTP-nc)</li> <li>Impacts associated with land use/soil quality (SQP)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Product Manager IRP ETP-fw HTP-c HTP-nc SQP



Safety margins

**Product group flat glass** 

In this EPD, some indicator values are provided with a safety margin of 30 % in accordance with the ÖKOBAUDAT manual. These safety margins are intended to conservatively estimate the environmental impacts under worst-case assumptions. The indicators concerned and the reasons for the award amount are documented in the background report.

ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	<b>B6</b>	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
							Core ind	icators								
GWP-t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	65.40	4.09	0.16	0.00	4.83E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	2.02	0.42	-3.44
GWP-f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	65.16	4.10	4.29E-02	0.00	4.81E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	2.02	0.43	-3.42
GWP-b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.21	-4.36E-02	0.12	0.00	2.23E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-4.08E-03	4.78E-03	-1.10E-02	-1.32E-
GWP-I	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	2.38E-02	3.73E-02	1.34E-06	0.00	3.64E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.50E-03	6.84E-05	1.34E-03	-4.72E-
ODP	kg CFC-11-eq.	1.69E-07	5.24E-13	2.44E-14	0.00	6.20E-15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.91E-14	1.04E-11	1.10E-12	-9.17E-
٩P	mol H <sup>+</sup> -eq.	0.18	4.99E-03	3.43E-05	0.00	4.94E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.85E-04	1.61E-03	3.07E-03	-2.06E-
EP-fw	kg P-eq.	1.01E-04	1.47E-05	6.89E-09	0.00	1.01E-08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38E-06	2.13E-06	8.71E-07	-2.42E-
EP-m	kg N-eq.	3.61E-02	1.73E-03	1.03E-05	0.00	1.69E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.76E-04	4.15E-04	7.92E-04	-6.00E-0
EP-t	mol N-eq.	0.50	2.03E-02	1.47E-04	0.00	1.77E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.15E-03	4.99E-03	8.72E-03	-6.83E-0
POCP	kg NMVOC-eq.	0.11	4.39E-03	2.82E-05	0.00	8.19E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.15E-04	1.10E-03	2.39E-03	-1.20E-0
ADPF*2	MJ	971.32	54.86	6.01E-02	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.15	12.01	5.76	-53.27
ADPE*2	kg Sb equivalent	2.33E-06	2.65E-07	2.25E-10	0.00	1.38E-10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.48E-08	8.74E-08	1.99E-08	-1.05E-0
WDP*2	m <sup>3</sup> world-eq. deprived	5.83	4.88E-02	2.20E-02	0.00	1.16E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.56E-03	0.27	4.75E-02	-0.21
						R	esource ma	nagement								
PERE	MJ	138.79	3.99	1.65	0.00	3.26E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	7.06	0.94	-6.20
PERM	MJ	1.26	0.00	-1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	140.05	3.99	0.39	0.00	3.26E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	7.06	0.94	-6.20
PENRE	MJ	927.81	55.12	0.39	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.16	25.02	36.10	-53.27
PENRM	MJ	33.59	0.00	-0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-10.00	-23.34	0.00
PENRT	MJ	961.40	55.12	0.14	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.16	15.01	12.76	-53.27
SM* <sup>3</sup>	kg	7.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m³	0.19	4.38E-03	5.17E-04	0.00	2.88E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.10E-04	9.11E-03	1.46E-03	-7.35E-0
							Categories	of waste								
HWD	kg	1.76E-06	1.70E-10	1.17E-12	0.00	1.78E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.60E-11	-4.87E-10	1.25E-10	-5.92E-0
NHWD	kg	2.65	8.40E-03	7.10E-03	0.00	1.24E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.87E-04	3.97E-02	28.86	-0.41
RWD	kg	3.62E-02	1.03E-04	3.00E-06	0.00	3.62E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.66E-06	1.86E-03	6.57E-05	-1.58E-0
							Output mate	rial flows								
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	6.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.88	0.00	0.00
EET	MJ	4.19	0.00	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.31	0.00	0.00
	IVIO	7.10	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.01	0.00	0.00

minerals&metals WDP\*<sup>2</sup> – Water (user) deprivation potential PERE - Use of renewable primary energy PERM - use of renewable primary energy resources PERT - total use of renewable primary energy resources PENRE - use of non-renewable primary energy resources PENRT - total use of non-renewable primary energy resources M - use of secondary material RSF - use of renewable secondary fuels NRSF - use of non-renewable secondary fuels FW - net use of fresh water HWD - hazardous waste disposed NHWD - non-hazardous waste disposed RWD - radioactive waste disposed CRU - components for re-use MFR - materials for recycling MER - materials for

ift				Results	s per 1 m <sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup> laminated	l safety g	lass LSG	(6FG - 1.5	2PVB - 6F	FG)					
ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
					Addi	itional env	ironmenta	al impact	indicators	S						
PM	Disease incidence	2.95E-06	3.52E-08	2.50E-10	0.00	3.43E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.68E-09	1.23E-08	3.77E-08	-1.20E-07
IRP*1	kBq U235-eq.	5.83	1.53E-02	4.65E-04	0.00	4.02E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.44E-03	0.31	7.59E-03	-0.26
ETP-fw*2	CTUe	2155.66	39.00	3.07E-02	0.00	5.33E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.65	5.27	3.15	-57.19
HTP-c*2	CTUh	5.18E-06	7.98E-10	2.29E-12	0.00	1.54E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.48E-11	1.87E-10	4.84E-10	-4.03E-10
HTP-nc* <sup>2</sup>	CTUh	6.12E-04	4.26E-08	1.65E-10	0.00	7.41E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.13E-09	5.14E-09	5.32E-08	-3.25E-08
SQP*2	dimensionless	179.05	23.01	1.70E-02	0.00	2.33E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.15	4.68	1.40	-4.35
Key:																
	culate matter emissions po <b>HTP-nc</b> *² - Human toxicity					tial – huma - soil qualit			* <sup>2</sup> - Ecoto	kicity poter	ntial – fresł	water	HTP-c* <sup>2</sup> -	Human toxi	icity potenti	al – cancer

#### **Disclaimers:**

\*1 This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some building materials is also not measured by this indicator.

\*2 The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

\*3 Designated secondary material (SM) for laminated safety glass results from cullet used in primary glass production (see PG 1 Float glass in M-EPD-FEG-GB-001000)

Table 8 Overall results table for laminated safety glass LSG

	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	<b>B6</b>	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
O DENTIENN							Core ind	dicators								
SWP-t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	14.35	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.97E-02	1.48	2.17E-02	-0.33
WP-f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	14.35	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.98E-02	1.48	2.22E-02	-0.32
WP-b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	-1.51E-03	-2.16E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-2.10E-04	3.53E-04	-5.68E-04	-2.39E-0
SWP-I	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	1.10E-03	1.85E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.79E-04	1.15E-05	6.90E-05	-1.95E-0
DP	kg CFC-11-eq.	1.69E-07	2.60E-14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.52E-15	7.54E-13	5.66E-14	-2.18E-1
P	mol H⁺-eq.	2.73E-02	2.48E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.52E-05	4.89E-04	1.57E-04	-3.73E-0
P-fw	kg P-eq.	5.94E-06	7.31E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.10E-08	1.70E-07	4.47E-08	-4.53E-0
P-m	kg N-eq.	5.24E-03	8.57E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42E-05	1.47E-04	4.07E-05	-1.13E-0
P-t	mol N-eq.	5.52E-02	1.00E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.61E-04	2.20E-03	4.49E-04	-1.21E-0
OCP	kg NMVOC-eq.	3.05E-02	2.17E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.16E-05	3.84E-04	1.23E-04	-3.16E-04
DPF*2	MJ	275.11	2.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.98	0.30	-5.84
DPE*2	kg Sb equivalent	7.80E-09	1.31E-08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.28E-09	6.14E-09	1.02E-09	-2.04E-08
VDP*2	m <sup>3</sup> world-eq. deprived	0.32	2.42E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.34E-04	0.15	2.44E-03	-2.65E-02
						Re	esource m	anageme	nt							
ERE	MJ	1.21	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.92E-02	0.47	4.82E-02	-1.49
ERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ERT	MJ	1.21	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.92E-02	0.47	4.82E-02	-1.49
ENRE	MJ	231.79	2.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	13.98	30.63	-5.84
ENRM	MJ	33.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-10.00	-23.33	0.00
ENRT	MJ	265.12	2.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	3.98	7.30	-5.84
M	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
IRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
W	m <sup>3</sup>	7.50E-03	2.17E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.11E-05	3.80E-03	7.48E-05	-1.21E-0
						(	Categorie	s of waste								
WD	kg	5.01E-12	8.46E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.22E-13	-2.19E-11	6.45E-12	-3.99E-1
IHWD	kg	2.47E-04	4.17E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.04E-05	3.16E-02	1.48	-2.72E-0
WD	kg	2.60E-03	5.12E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.97E-07	1.07E-04	3.38E-06	-3.96E-04
	, j					0		terial flow	S							
RU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
/IER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.88	0.00	0.00
ET	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.31	0.00	0.00
ev:	1410	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00
	Global warming potentia	u – total	GWP-f – glo	obal warm	ning noton	tial fossil fu		VP-b – glol	hal warmir	a notontia	L - biogoni	c GWE	<b>-i</b> – global v	varming po	tential - long	huco and
	change <b>ODP</b> – ozone												- eutrophica			
t - teu	Itrophication potential - te Ametals <b>WDP*</b> <sup>2</sup> – Wat	errestriai	FUCP - pho	otocnemic	cai ozone f	ormation p	otential	ADPF <sup>*2</sup> -	abiotic de	pietion pot	entiai – fos	ssii resoui	rces ADP	E <sup>*</sup> - abiotic	c aepletion p	potential

primary energy resources SM - use of secondary material RSF - use of renewable secondary fuels NRSF - use of non-renewable secondary fuels FW - net use of fresh water HWD - hazardous waste disposed NHWD - non-hazardous waste disposed RWD - radioactive waste disposed CRU - components for re-use MFR - materials for recycling MER materials for energy recovery EEE - exported electrical energy EET - exported thermal energy

ift				Res	ults per 1	m <sup>2</sup> and 1	.52 mm P\	/B foil (in	dividual e	valuation						
ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
					Addi	tional env	/ironmenta	al impact	indicators	5						
PM	Disease incidence	1.80E-07	1.74E-09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.41E-10	2.85E-09	1.94E-09	-3.17E-09
IRP*1	kBq U235-eq.	0.26	7.63E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.41E-05	1.70E-02	3.90E-04	-6.58E-02
ETP-fw*2	CTUe	26.05	1.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.40	0.16	-1.13
HTP-c*2	CTUh	1.24E-09	3.97E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.85E-12	2.42E-11	2.48E-11	-6.22E-11
HTP-nc* <sup>2</sup>	CTUh	1.84E-08	2.12E-09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.12E-10	1.14E-09	2.73E-09	-2.00E-09
SQP*2	dimensionless	0.67	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.35	7.19E-02	-0.98
	culate matter emissions po <b>ITP-nc*</b> <sup>2</sup> - Human toxicity		<b>RP*1</b> – ion non-cance				an health y potential		* <sup>2</sup> - Ecoto	kicity poten	itial – fresł	nwater	HTP-c* <sup>2</sup> -	Human toxi	icity potenti	al – cancer

#### **Disclaimers:**

\*1 This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some building materials is also not measured by this indicator.

\*2 The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

 Table 9 Individual evaluation of the PVB foil of the LSG

Note: The values shown in Table 9 are limited to the environmental impacts caused by the use of PVB raw materials across all modules. Raw material-related environmental impacts in A1, transportation costs due to the amount of material used in A2, waste recycling in A3, etc. Expenses for the lamination process and other expenses are not considered here and are included in the overall results table for the LSG included in the balance sheet in Table 8.

DOCEMUSIC:	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
ROSENHEIM							Core indi						02	00		
GWP-t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	39.60	2.76	0.40	0.00	4.83E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	1.17	0.28	-2.38
GWP-f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	39.77	2.77	0.10	0.00	4.81E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	1.17	0.29	-2.37
GWP-b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	-0.21	-2.95E-02	0.25	0.00	2.23E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-2.71E-03	3.16E-03	-7.35E-03	-8.72E-03
GWP-I	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	4.41E-02	2.52E-02	3.64E-06	0.00	3.64E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.33E-03	4.45E-05	8.94E-04	-3.62E-04
ODP	kg CFC-11-eq.	7.94E-07	3.55E-13	6.08E-14	0.00	6.20E-15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.26E-14	6.90E-12	7.32E-13	-6.38E-12
AP	mol H⁺-eq.	0.11	3.38E-03	7.58E-05	0.00	4.94E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.55E-04	1.02E-03	2.04E-03	-1.41E-02
EP-fw	kg P-eq.	7.64E-05	9.96E-06	1.69E-08	0.00	1.01E-08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.18E-07	1.40E-06	5.80E-07	-1.69E-06
EP-m	kg N-eq.	2.19E-02	1.17E-03	2.22E-05	0.00	1.69E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.83E-04	2.60E-04	5.28E-04	-4.05E-03
EP-t	mol N-eq.	0.32	1.37E-02	3.25E-04	0.00	1.77E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.09E-03	3.08E-03	5.80E-03	-4.61E-02
POCP	kg NMVOC-eq.	6.22E-02	2.96E-03	6.12E-05	0.00	8.19E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.08E-04	6.89E-04	1.59E-03	-8.19E-03
	MJ	553.02	37.18	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.42	7.94	3.84	-36.68
	kg Sb equivalent	2.53E-05	1.79E-07	5.56E-10	0.00	1.38E-10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65E-08	5.79E-08	1.33E-08	-1.16E-06
WDP*2	m <sup>3</sup> world-eq. deprived	3.14	3.29E-02	5.03E-02	0.00	1.16E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.03E-03	0.16	3.16E-02	-0.16
	1							nagemen								
PERE	MJ	79.02	2.70	3.37	0.00	3.26E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	4.68	0.62	-4.46
PERM	MJ	2.56	0.00	-2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	81.59	2.70	0.81	0.00	3.26E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	4.68	0.62	-4.46
PENRE	MJ	529.17	37.31	1.28	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.43	14.80	19.83	-36.68
PENRM PENRT	MJ MJ	18.44 547.62	0.00 37.31	-0.87 0.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-5.27 9.52	-12.30 7.53	0.00 -36.68
SM* <sup>3</sup>	kg	5.60	0.00	0.41	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-30.08
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	0.12	2.96E-03	1.19E-03	0.00	2.88E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.73E-04	5.66E-03	9.69E-04	-5.65E-03
	1						tegories									
HWD	kg	1.30E-06	1.15E-10	2.54E-12	0.00	1.78E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06E-11	-3.24E-10	8.35E-11	-3.98E-09
NHWD	kg	1.69	5.68E-03	1.95E-02	0.00	1.24E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.23E-04	2.26E-02	19.11	-0.28
RWD	kg	1.36E-02	6.97E-05	7.03E-06	0.00	3.62E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.42E-06	1.24E-03	4.37E-05	-1.11E-03
								rial flows								
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	6.70	0.00	3.71E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.03	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	0.69	0.00	0.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00
EET	MJ	1.28	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.36	0.00	0.00
Key:																
GWP-t – G	Global warming potential -	- total G	WP-f – glo	bal warmin	g potentia	al fossil fue	ls <b>GW</b> F	<b>-b</b> – globa	al warming	potential	- biogenic	GWP-	l – global wa	arming pote	ential - land	use and
land use c	hange <b>ODP</b> – ozone c	lepletion po	otential A	P - acidific	ation pote	ential <b>EP</b>	-fw - eutro	phication	potential -	aquatic from	eshwater	EP-m -	eutrophicati	on potentia	I - aquatic r	narine
EP-t - feut	rophication potential - ter	restrial F	OCP - pho	tochemical	ozone fo	rmation po	tential A	ADPF*2 - a	biotic depl	etion pote	ntial – foss	il resourc	es ADPE	* <sup>2</sup> - abiotic	depletion p	otential –
minerals&i	• • •															
	primary energy resource															
	ergy resources SM - u															

materials for energy recovery **EEE** - exported electrical energy **EET** - exported thermal energy

ift				Result	s per 1 m	<sup>2</sup> insulatir	ng glass u	nit IGU d	ouble (4F	G - A - 4F(	G)					
ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
					Addi	tional env	vironmenta	al impact	indicators	5						
PM	Disease incidence	2.09E-06	2.38E-08	5.92E-10	0.00	3.43E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.11E-09	7.88E-09	2.51E-08	-8.54E-08
IRP*1	kBq U235-eq.	2.11	1.04E-02	1.08E-03	0.00	4.02E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.58E-04	0.21	5.06E-03	-0.18
ETP-fw <sup>*2</sup>	CTUe	2185.56	26.39	7.79E-02	0.00	5.33E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.43	3.48	2.09	-38.71
HTP-c*2	CTUh	3.94E-06	5.40E-10	5.60E-12	0.00	1.54E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.97E-11	1.22E-10	3.22E-10	-3.54E-10
HTP-nc* <sup>2</sup>	CTUh	4.49E-04	2.89E-08	4.29E-10	0.00	7.41E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.74E-09	3.30E-09	3.54E-08	-2.22E-08
SQP*2	dimensionless	181.87	15.47	4.07E-02	0.00	2.33E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.43	3.09	0.93	-3.06
	culate matter emissions po ITP-nc* <sup>2</sup> - Human toxicity			izing radia er effects		tial – huma soil quality		ETP-fw	* <sup>2</sup> - Ecoto	kicity poter	itial – fresł	nwater	HTP-c*2 -	Human toxi	icity potenti	ial – cancer

#### **Disclaimers:**

\*1 This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some building materials is also not measured by this indicator.

\*2 The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

\*3 Reported secondary material (SM) for insulating glass unit results from cullet used in primary glass production (see PG 1 Float glass in M-EPD-FEG-GB-001000)

 Table 10 Overall results table of insulating glass unit IGU double

	Unit	A1-A3	esults per	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	<b>B6</b>	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
KOJENNEIM						I	Core indi	cators			I					
GWP-t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.73	2.27E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.21E-03	8.99E-02	2.43E-03	-8.18E-02
GWP-f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.73	2.28E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.21E-03	8.98E-02	2.48E-03	-8.19E-02
GWP-b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	1.45E-03	-2.42E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-2.35E-05	3.36E-05	-6.36E-05	1.63E-04
GWP-I	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	5.21E-04	2.07E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.02E-05	8.42E-07	7.74E-06	-4.70E-05
ODP	kg CFC-11-eq.	3.08E-12	2.91E-15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.82E-16	7.23E-14	6.33E-15	-2.13E-13
AP	mol H⁺-eq.	3.41E-03	2.77E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.94E-06	3.22E-05	1.77E-05	-3.61E-04
EP-fw	kg P-eq.	1.15E-06	8.18E-08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.94E-09	1.57E-08	5.01E-09	-6.00E-08
EP-m	kg N-eq.	4.51E-04	9.59E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.59E-06	9.49E-06	4.56E-06	-4.89E-05
EP-t	mol N-eq.	4.97E-03	1.12E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.81E-05	1.38E-04	5.02E-05	-5.39E-04
POCP	kg NMVOC-eq.	1.68E-03	2.43E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.54E-06	2.48E-05	1.38E-05	-1.51E-04
ADPF*2	MJ	12.73	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.96E-02	8.96E-02	3.32E-02	-1.13
ADPE*2	kg Sb equivalent	1.04E-05	1.47E-09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.43E-10	5.95E-10	1.15E-10	-1.09E-06
WDP*2	m <sup>3</sup> world-eq. deprived	0.11	2.70E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.63E-05	9.54E-03	2.73E-04	-1.73E-02
		_					source ma	nagemen	t							
PERE	MJ	2.69	2.22E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.16E-03	4.67E-02	5.40E-03	-0.27
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	2.69	2.22E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.16E-03	4.67E-02	5.40E-03	-0.27
PENRE	MJ	10.34	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.98E-02	0.81	1.72	-1.13
PENRM	MJ	1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.56	-1.30	0.00
PENRT	MJ	12.19	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.98E-02	0.26	0.42	-1.13
SM	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	5.43E-03	2.43E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.35E-06	2.41E-04	8.37E-06	-7.07E-04
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-	ategories	-								
HWD	kg	1.29E-07	9.48E-13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.20E-14	-2.63E-12	7.22E-13	-4.58E-11
NHWD	kg	7.82E-02	4.67E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.52E-06	1.90E-03	0.17	-7.21E-03
RWD	kg	3.98E-04	5.73E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.56E-08	1.13E-05	3.78E-07	-4.73E-05
								erial flows								
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.56E-02	0.00	0.00
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00
EET Key:	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00
GWP-t – C land use c EP-t - feut minerals& renewable	rophication potential - ter metals <b>WDP</b> * <sup>2</sup> – Water primary energy resource	lepletion po restrial <b>F</b> (user) dep s <b>PENR</b>	POCP - photo rivation pote	P - acidific tochemica ential P on-renewa	cation pote I ozone fo ERE - Use able prima	ential <b>EF</b> rmation po e of renewa ry energy	P-fw - eutro otential able prima PENRM	ADPF* <sup>2</sup> - a ry energy I - use of n	potential - biotic dep PERM - on-renewa	aquatic fr letion pote use of rer able prima	eshwater ntial – foss newable pr ry energy	EP-m - sil resourc rimary ene resources	es ADPE ergy resourc PENRT -	on potentia * <sup>2</sup> - abiotic es <b>PER</b> • total use c	II - aquatic r depletion p <b>F</b> - total use of non-renev	marine otential – of wable

- hazardous waste disposed NHWD - non-hazardous waste disposed RWD - radioactive waste disposed CRU - components for re-use MFR - materials for recycling MER - materials for recycling EEE - exported electrical energy EET - exported thermal energy

ift		Re	sults per s	spacer "A	" related	to 1 m² IG	U double	structure	4FG - A -	4FG (indi	vidual eva	luation)				
ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
					Addi	tional env	vironmenta	al impact	indicators	5						
PM	Disease incidence	4.46E-08	1.95E-10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.69E-11	1.96E-10	2.17E-10	-5.03E-09
IRP*1	kBq U235-eq.	6.39E-02	8.54E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.29E-06	1.85E-03	4.37E-05	-8.96E-03
ETP-fw <sup>*2</sup>	CTUe	5.99	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.11E-02	3.77E-02	1.81E-02	-0.56
HTP-c*2	CTUh	1.42E-07	4.43E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.30E-13	1.90E-12	2.78E-12	-8.47E-11
HTP-nc* <sup>2</sup>	CTUh	9.42E-09	2.37E-10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.38E-11	7.90E-11	3.06E-10	-5.51E-10
SQP*2	dimensionless	1.58	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24E-02	3.32E-02	8.05E-03	-0.13
	culate matter emissions po ITP-nc*² - Human toxicity		<b>RP</b> *1 – ioni non-cance						* <sup>2</sup> - Ecotox	kicity poter	itial – fresł	water	HTP-c* <sup>2</sup> -	Human toxi	icity potenti	al – cancer

#### Disclaimers:

\*1 This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some building materials is also not measured by this indicator.

\*2 The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

 Table 11 Individual evaluation of spacer "A" of the IGU double

Note: The values shown in Table 11 are limited to the environmental impacts across all modules caused by the raw material use of the balanced spacer "A" material mix (see Table 5). Raw material-related environmental impacts in A1, transportation costs due to the amount of material used in A2, waste recycling in A3, etc.). Sealants, desiccants and gas filling (argon) as well as assembly processes are not considered here and are included in the overall results table of the balanced IGU double in Table 10.

C4           0.42           0.43           -1.09E-02           1.33E-03           1.09E-12           3.03E-03           8.61E-07           7.83E-04           8.62E-03           2.37E-03           5.69           1.98E-08           4.69E-02           0.93           0.00           0.93           25.94           -15.57           10.37           0.00	D -3.46 -3.45 -1.24E-02 -5.31E-04 -8.96E-12 -2.10E-02 -2.39E-06 -6.03E-03 -6.87E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -53.34 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
0.43         -1.09E-02         1.33E-03         1.09E-12         3.03E-03         8.61E-07         7.83E-04         8.62E-03         2.37E-03         5.69         1.98E-08         4.69E-02         0.93         0.00         0.93         25.94         -15.57         10.37	-3.45 -1.24E-02 -5.31E-04 -8.96E-12 -2.10E-02 -2.39E-06 -6.03E-03 -6.87E-02 -1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
0.43         -1.09E-02         1.33E-03         1.09E-12         3.03E-03         8.61E-07         7.83E-04         8.62E-03         2.37E-03         5.69         1.98E-08         4.69E-02         0.93         0.00         0.93         25.94         -15.57         10.37	-3.45 -1.24E-02 -5.31E-04 -8.96E-12 -2.10E-02 -2.39E-06 -6.03E-03 -6.87E-02 -1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
-1.09E-02         1.33E-03         1.09E-12         3.03E-03         8.61E-07         7.83E-04         8.62E-03         2.37E-03         5.69         1.98E-08         4.69E-02         0.93         0.00         0.93         25.94         -15.57         10.37	-1.24E-02 -5.31E-04 -8.96E-12 -2.10E-02 -2.39E-06 -6.03E-03 -6.87E-02 -1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
1.33E-03         1.09E-12         3.03E-03         8.61E-07         7.83E-04         8.62E-03         2.37E-03         5.69         1.98E-08         4.69E-02         0.93         0.00         0.93         25.94         -15.57         10.37	-5.31E-04 -8.96E-12 -2.10E-02 -2.39E-06 -6.03E-03 -6.87E-02 -1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
1.09E-12         3.03E-03         8.61E-07         7.83E-04         8.62E-03         2.37E-03         5.69         1.98E-08         4.69E-02         0.93         0.00         0.93         25.94         -15.57         10.37	-8.96E-12 -2.10E-02 -2.39E-06 -6.03E-03 -6.87E-02 -1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
3.03E-03         8.61E-07         7.83E-04         8.62E-03         2.37E-03         5.69         1.98E-08         4.69E-02         0.93         0.00         0.93         25.94         -15.57         10.37	-2.10E-02 -2.39E-06 -6.03E-03 -6.87E-02 -1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
8.61E-07         7.83E-04         8.62E-03         2.37E-03         5.69         1.98E-08         4.69E-02         0.93         0.00         0.93         25.94         -15.57         10.37	-2.39E-06 -6.03E-03 -6.87E-02 -1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
7.83E-04       8.62E-03       2.37E-03       5.69       1.98E-08       4.69E-02       0.93       0.00       0.93       25.94       -15.57       10.37	-6.03E-03 -6.87E-02 -1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
8.62E-03         2.37E-03         5.69         1.98E-08         4.69E-02         0.93         0.00         0.93         25.94         -15.57         10.37	-6.87E-02 -1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
2.37E-03 5.69 1.98E-08 4.69E-02 0.93 0.00 0.93 25.94 -15.57 10.37	-1.22E-02 -53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
5.69           1.98E-08           4.69E-02           0.93           0.00           0.93           25.94           -15.57           10.37	-53.27 -1.58E-06 -0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
4.69E-02 0.93 0.00 0.93 25.94 -15.57 10.37	-0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
4.69E-02 0.93 0.00 0.93 25.94 -15.57 10.37	-0.22 -6.22 0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
0.00 0.93 25.94 -15.57 10.37	0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
0.00 0.93 25.94 -15.57 10.37	0.00 -6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
0.93 25.94 -15.57 10.37	-6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
25.94 -15.57 10.37	-6.22 -53.34 0.00 -53.34
-15.57 10.37	0.00 -53.34
10.37	-53.34
0.00	
0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00
1.44E-03	-7.98E-03
1.24E-10	-5.87E-09
28.47	-0.42
6.49E-05	-1.55E-03
0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00
nt - de	28.47 6.49E-05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 tial - land aquatic m epletion po total use non-renew resh water

ift				Results pe	er 1 m² in	sulating g	lass unit l	GU triple	(4FG - A -	4FG - A -	4FG)					
ROSENHEIM	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
					Addi	tional env	ironmenta	al impact	indicators	5						
PM	Disease incidence	3.06E-06	3.48E-08	6.58E-10	0.00	3.43E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.62E-09	1.13E-08	3.73E-08	-1.26E-07
IRP*1	kBq U235-eq.	3.10	1.52E-02	1.23E-03	0.00	4.02E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42E-03	0.30	7.50E-03	-0.26
ETP-fw <sup>*2</sup>	CTUe	2986.10	38.61	8.35E-02	0.00	5.33E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.60	5.15	3.11	-57.68
HTP-c*2	CTUh	5.80E-06	7.90E-10	6.27E-12	0.00	1.54E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.38E-11	1.79E-10	4.78E-10	-5.02E-10
HTP-nc* <sup>2</sup>	CTUh	6.63E-04	4.23E-08	4.68E-10	0.00	7.41E-11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.08E-09	4.75E-09	5.25E-08	-3.27E-08
SQP*2	dimensionless	257.14	22.75	4.54E-02	0.00	2.33E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.12	4.58	1.38	-4.30
	culate matter emissions po I <b>TP-nc*</b> <sup>2</sup> - Human toxicity			izing radiat er effects				ETP-fw	/* <sup>2</sup> - Ecotox	cicity poter	itial – fresł	nwater	HTP-c*2 -	Human toxi	city potenti	ial – cancer

#### **Disclaimers:**

\*1 This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some building materials is also not measured by this indicator.

\*2 The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

\*3 Reported secondary material (SM) for insulating glass unit results from cullet used in primary glass production (see PG 1 Float glass in M-EPD-FEG-GB-001000)

 Table 12 Overall results table of insulating glass unit IGU triple

	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	<b>B6</b>	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
					·		Core ind	icators			•	•				
GWP-t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.98	3.12E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.02E-03	0.12	3.33E-03	-0.11
SWP-f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.98	3.12E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.03E-03	0.12	3.41E-03	-0.11
SWP-b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	2.01E-03	-3.31E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.83E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-3.21E-05	4.60E-05	-8.70E-05	2.21E-04
SWP-I	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	7.11E-04	2.83E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.70E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.76E-05	1.16E-06	1.06E-05	-6.40E-0
DP	kg CFC-11-eq.	4.21E-12	3.98E-15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.04E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.87E-16	9.92E-14	8.66E-15	-2.90E-1
P	mol H⁺-eq.	4.57E-03	3.80E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.20E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.40E-06	4.45E-05	2.42E-05	-4.85E-0
P-fw	kg P-eq.	1.58E-06	1.12E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65E-06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.09E-08	2.15E-08	6.85E-09	-8.12E-0
P-m	kg N-eq.	6.05E-04	1.31E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.74E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.17E-06	1.31E-05	6.24E-06	-6.53E-0
P-t	mol N-eq.	6.68E-03	1.53E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.40E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.47E-05	1.91E-04	6.86E-05	-7.21E-0
POCP	kg NMVOC-eq.	2.28E-03	3.33E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.17E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.84E-06	3.43E-05	1.89E-05	-2.01E-0
DPF*2	MJ	17.38	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.06E-02	0.12	4.54E-02	-1.51
DPE*2	kg Sb equivalent	1.42E-05	2.02E-09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.96E-10	8.16E-10	1.57E-10	-1.48E-0
VDP*2	m <sup>3</sup> world-eq. deprived	0.15	3.71E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.59E-05	1.31E-02	3.73E-04	-2.35E-0
						Res	source ma	anagement								
ERE	MJ	3.60	3.04E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.95E-03	6.40E-02	7.38E-03	-0.36
ERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ERT	MJ	3.60	3.04E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.95E-03	6.40E-02	7.38E-03	-0.36
PENRE	MJ	14.02	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.07E-02	1.13	2.40	-1.51
ENRM	MJ	2.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.78	-1.81	0.00
ENRT	MJ	16.61	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.07E-02	0.36	0.59	-1.51
M	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
IRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
W	m <sup>3</sup>	7.22E-03	3.33E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.65E-03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.22E-06	3.32E-04	1.15E-05	-9.45E-0
						С	ategories	of waste						•	•	
WD	kg	1.81E-07	1.30E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.81E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26E-13	-3.59E-12	9.87E-13	-6.17E-1
IHWD	kg	0.10	6.38E-05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.20E-06	2.63E-03	0.23	-9.31E-0
WD	kg	5.33E-04	7.84E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.88E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.61E-08	1.55E-05	5.17E-07	-6.25E-0
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	0.002 01	11012 01	0.00	0.00			erial flows	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11012 00	1002 00	0	0.202 0
RU	ka	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
AFR	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			3.46E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		3.46E-02	0.00	0.00
AFR AER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.46E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	kg MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ET	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00
<b>(ey:</b> <b>GWP-t</b> – ( and use c	Global warming potential - hange <b>ODP</b> – ozone c rophication potential - ter	- total <b>G</b> lepletion po restrial <b>F</b>	WP-f – glol otential A POCP - phot	bal warmi <b>P</b> - acidifi tochemica	ng potentia cation pote Il ozone for	I fossil fue Intial <b>Ef</b> Irmation po	els GW P-fw - eutr otential	<b>P-b</b> – globa ophication   <b>ADPF</b> * <sup>2</sup> - al	al warming potential - biotic dep	potential aquatic fr letion pote	- biogenic eshwater ntial – foss	GWP- EP-m - sil resourc	I – global wa eutrophicati es ADPE	arming pote on potentia *² - abiotic	ential - land	use and narine

primary energy resources SM - use of secondary material RSF - use of renewable secondary fuels NRSF - use of non-renewable secondary fuels FW - net use of fresh water HWD - hazardous waste disposed NHWD - non-hazardous waste disposed RWD - radioactive waste disposed CRU - components for re-use MFR - materials for recycling MER materials for energy recovery EEE - exported electrical energy EET - exported thermal energy

	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	ture 4FG - B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Additional environmental impact indicators																
PM	Disease incidence	5.99E-08	2.68E-10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.40E-08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.68E-11	2.70E-10	2.96E-10	-6.79E-09
IRP*1	kBq U235-eq.	8.48E-02	1.17E-04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.58E-02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13E-05	2.52E-03	5.98E-05	-1.18E-02
ETP-fw <sup>*2</sup>	CTUe	8.19	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.87E-02	5.17E-02	2.47E-02	-0.76
HTP-c*2	CTUh	1.94E-07	6.06E-12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.94E-07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.89E-13	2.61E-12	3.81E-12	-1.15E-10
HTP-nc* <sup>2</sup>	CTUh	1.27E-08	3.24E-10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.29E-08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.25E-11	1.09E-10	4.19E-10	-7.35E-10
SQP*2	dimensionless	2.15	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.69E-02	4.54E-02	1.10E-02	-0.18
Key:																
PM – particulate matter emissions potential IRP*1 – ionizing radiation potential – human health ETP-fw*2 - Ecotoxicity potential – freshwater HTP-c*2 - Human toxicity potential – cancer																

#### Disclaimers:

\*1 This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some building materials is also not measured by this indicator.

\*2 The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

 Table 13 Individual evaluation of spacer "A" of IGU triple

Note: The values shown in Table 13 are limited to the environmental impacts across all modules caused by the raw material use of the balanced spacer "A" material mix (see Table 5). Raw material-related environmental impacts in A1, transportation costs due to the amount of material used in A2, waste recycling in A3, etc.). Sealants, desiccants and gas filling (argon) as well as assembly processes are not considered here and are included in the overall results table of the balanced IGU triple in Table 12.

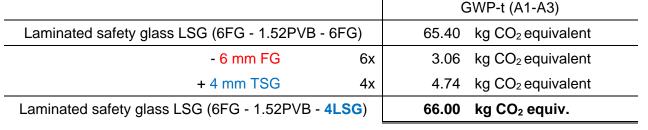
# Calculation example for laminated safety glass

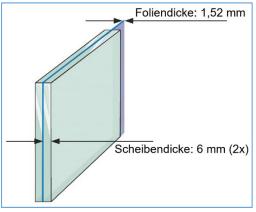
Based on the modeled structure, both the type of glass (FG and TSG, heat soaked TSG and HSG or LSG) and the thickness of the individual components (pane, PVB foil) can be calculated individually.

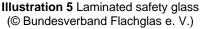
E.g., conversion of modeled laminated safety glass

- Structure (6 mm FG, 1.52 mm PVB, 6 mm FG) on
- Exemplary structure (6 mm FG, 1.52 mm PVB, 4 mm TSG)

# Conversion for the environmental impact category GWP-t (A1-A3)







For the example calculation, the values for FG (PG 1) as well as TSG, HS TSG und HSG (PG 2) from M-EPD-FEG-GB-00100 (Tables 9 and 10) and the values for LSG from this model EPD (see Table 8) are used in each case. The M-EPD-FEG-GB-00100 is available on the website of ift Rosenheim (<u>https://www.ift-rosenheim.de/erstellte-epds</u>; Filter on product group (EPD): Glass, Type: Muster-EPD) and in the ÖKOBAUDAT for download.

The procedure shown for converting the environmental impacts from the modeled structure to the desired structure must be **carried out individually for each life cycle module and each environmental impact category (except B2 and B4)** in order to obtain a complete overall results table for the desired structure!

Note: B2 is independent of thickness and only refers to 1 m<sup>2</sup> of surface. B2 is identical for each glass product/structure per 1 m<sup>2</sup>.

B4 is the sum of all A and C modules plus module D and is to be calculated at the end for the values obtained for the individual structure.

If another film is to be used instead of the PVB film (e.g. SentryGlas®), the results of the individual evaluation of the PVB foil (see Table 9) can be subtracted from the results of the modelled laminated safety glass structure (see Table 8) in order to then add the values of the desired film per 1 m<sup>2</sup>. Calculated expenses of the lamination process remain unaffected and are included in the overall results table of the balanced LSG structure.

For the use of coated float glass, values from a separate EPD for coated float glass must be used, as the values from M-EPD-FEG-GB-00100 (Table 9) only cover uncoated float glass.

Declaration code M-EPD-VMG-GB-001009

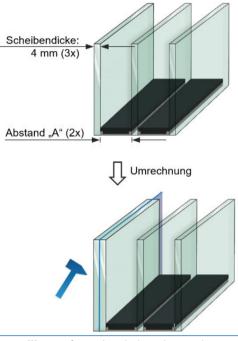
Based on the modeled structure, both the type of glass (FG, as well as TSG, HS TSG and HSG or LSG) and the thickness of the individual components (panes, PVB foil if necessary) can be calculated individually. **The size of the modeled distance "A" is not specified and therefore not scalable.** 

E.g., conversion of modeled insulating glass unit IGU triple

- Structure (4 mm FG A 4 mm FG A 4 mm FG) on
- Exemplary structure (4 mm FG A 4 mm TSG A LSG (6FG-2PVB-4TSG))

# Conversion for the environmental impact category GWP-t (A1-A3)

IGU triple structure (4FG - A - 4TSG - LSG (6FG - 1.52PVB - 4TSG)	117.49	kg CO₂ equiv.	
+ LSG (6FG - 1.52PVB - 4TSG) see calculation example page 29	66.00	kg CO₂ equivalent	
+ 4 mm TSG 4x	4.74	kg CO₂ equivalent	
- 2*(4 mm FG) 8x	3.06	kg CO₂ equivalent	
IGU triple structure (4FG - A - 4FG - A - 4FG)	57.01	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	
	GWP	t (A1-A3)	



**Illustration 6** Insulating glass unit (© Bundesverband Flachglas e. V.)

For the example calculation, the values for FG (PG 1) as well as TSG, HS TSG und HSG (PG 2) from M-EPD-FEG-GB-00100 (Tables 9 and 10) and the values for IGU triple from this model EPD (see Table 12) are used in each case. The M-EPD-FEG-GB-00100 is available on the website of ift Rosenheim (<u>https://www.ift-rosenheim.de/erstellte-epds</u>; Filter on product group (EPD): Glass, Type: Muster-EPD) and in the ÖKOBAUDAT for download.

The procedure shown for converting the environmental impacts from the modeled structure to the desired structure must be **carried out individually for each life cycle module and each environmental impact category (except B2 and B4)** in order to obtain a complete overall results table for the desired structure!

Note: B2 is independent of thickness and only refers to 1 m<sup>2</sup> of surface. B2 is identical for each glass product/structure per 1 m<sup>2</sup>.

B4 is the sum of all A and C modules plus module D and is to be calculated at the end for the values obtained for the individual structure.

If a different spacer is to be calculated instead of the modeled spacer "A", the results of the individual evaluation of the spacer "A" (see Table 11 and Table 13) can be subtracted from the results of the modeled insulating glass unit (see Table 10 and Table 12) in order to then add the values of the desired spacer per 1 m<sup>2</sup>.

Calculated expenses for the assembly process remain unaffected by this and are included in the overall results table for the balanced insulating glass units (Table 10 and Table 12). Scaling/replacement of the sealants, desiccants and gas filling of the cavity is not possible, but can be neglected due to marginal environmental effects.

For the use of coated float glass, values from a separate EPD for coated float glass must be used, as the values from M-EPD-FEG-GB-00100 (Table 9) only cover uncoated float glass.

In the case of a recalculation of a laminated safety glass or a insulating glass unit with coated float glass, the values for uncoated float glass must first be subtracted from the results of the modeled glasses, as shown in the calculation examples, so that the values for coated float glass can then be added to a separate EPD.

E.g., conversion of modeled laminated safety glass

- Structure (6 mm FG, 1.52 mm PVB, 6 mm FG) on
- Exemplary structure (6 mm FG, 1.52 mm PVB, 4 mm FG<sub>coated</sub>)

Conversion for the environmental impact category GWP-t (A1-A3)

	G	WP-t (A1-A3)		
Laminated safety glass LSG (6FG - 1.52PVB - 6FG)	65.40	kg CO2 equivalent		
- 6 mm FG 6x	3.06	kg CO2 equivalent		
+ 4 mm FG <sub>coated</sub> 4x	x.xx	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	At this point, the values from the corresponding results table	
Laminated safety glass LSG (6FG - 1.52PVB - FG <sub>coated</sub> )	xx.xx	kg CO₂ equiv.	of the desired EPD for coated float glass for the selected environmental impact category GWP-t (A1-A3) are to be used.	

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#### 6.4 Interpretation, LCA presentation and critical review

#### **Evaluation**

The environmental impacts of

- Laminated safety glass LSG (PG 3)
- Insulating glass unit IGU double structure (PG 4)
- Insulating glass unit IGU triple structure (PG 5)

differ considerably from each other. The differences lie primarily in the varying use of float glass and the other use of different pre-products and raw materials. This also means significantly different product weights. This was to be expected in particular due to the different glass thicknesses and different numbers of panes per product group.

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In terms of production, the environmental impact of laminated safety glass is mainly due to the amount of float glass used, followed by the use of PVB foil. Marginal shares are attributable to electricity requirements. The use of float glass also dominates the environmental impact of insulating glass units. Marginal shares of the environmental impact are attributable to electricity requirements and the use of polysulphide and polyisobutylene as sealants in the spacers.

For the utilisation phase, an identical amount of environmental impact is attributable exclusively to cleaning during the 30-year service life and does not represent a significant proportion of the total environmental impact.

In scenario C4, only marginal expenditures for the physical pretreatment and the landfill operation are to be expected, as all product groups are predominantly inert substances for disposal.

For glass recycling (downcycling to container glass), 8 % for laminated safety glass as well as each approx. 9 % for insulating glass unit double and triple structure of the life cycle environmental impacts of the core indicators without WDP in scenario D can be credited. For both insulating glass units, round 1 % is still accounted for by recycling of aluminum and stainless steel.

The LCA results differ considerably from the results presented in the model EPD prepared 2017. This is partly due to methodological changes in modelling and partly reflects production changes under consideration. The sources of the differences are listed below:

- 1. Updating of the data basis and optimization of the data collection
- 2. Different composition of companies used as data providers
- 3. Modeling of deviating superstructures for LSG, IGU double and triple
- 4. Specification of a size-unspecific average spacer "A" with a defined material mix (see Table 5)

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- 5. Selection of other, more suitable "LCA for Experts" datasets
- 6. Amendment of background data in "LCA for Experts" (version update)
- Update of modeling basis due to revision of EN 15804+A1 to EN 15804+A2
- 8. Use of a safety margin of 30 % on all results
- 9. Expansion of considered life cycle modules from a "cradle to gate with options" view to "cradle to grave"

Further formal changes include the following points:

- 10. Change of laminated safety glass from the original EPD "Flat glass, thermally toughened safety glass and laminated safety glass" to the EPD "Insulating glass unit double and triple structure", as laminated safety glass, like insulating glass unit, describes structures consisting of several individual panes and the declared unit is now also "1 m<sup>2</sup>" for laminated safety glass due to the new calculation of individual structures.
- 11. Consequently, renaming of the EPD to EPD "Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit (double and triple structure)" including changed declaration number to M-EPD-VMG and resetting of the sequence number to "-001000" in each case.
- 12. Addition of separate results tables for PVB foil (LSG, PG 3) and cavity (IGU double and triple, PG 4 and PG 5) as well as a more detailed description for converting the environmental impacts of modelled superstructures to desired superstructures

The charts below show the allocation of the main environmental impacts.

# The values obtained from the LCA calculation are suitable for the certification of buildings.

# Diagrams

These diagrams below show the B modules with reference to the specified RSL.

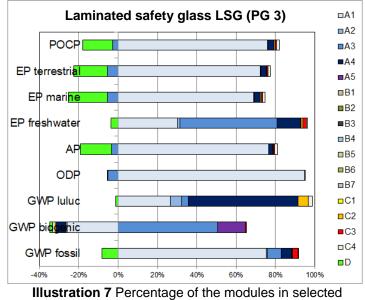
EPD Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit Declaration code M-EPD-VMG-GB-001009 Publication date: 24.01.2024

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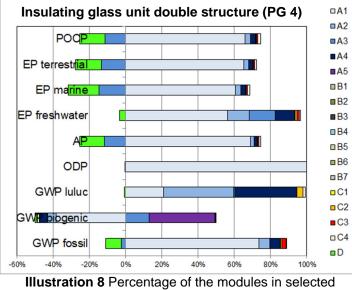
ift

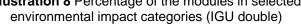
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environmental impact categories (LSG)



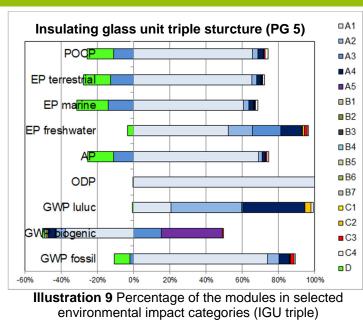


EPD Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit Declaration code M-EPD-VMG-GB-001009 Publication date: 24.01.2024

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**Report** The LCA report underlying this EPD was developed according to the requirements of DIN EN ISO 14040 and DIN EN ISO 14044 as well as DIN EN 15804 and DIN EN ISO 14025. It is deposited with ift Rosenheim. The results and conclusions reported to the target group are complete, correct, without bias and transparent. The results of the study are not designed to be used for comparative statements intended for publication.

**Critical review** The critical review of the LCA and of the report took place in the course of verification of the EPD and was carried out by Patrick Wortner, MBA and Eng., Dipl.-Ing. (FH), an external verifier.

# 7 General information regarding the EPD

Comparability
 This EPD was prepared in accordance with DIN EN 15804 and is therefore only comparable to those EPDs that also comply with the requirements set out in DIN EN 15804.
 Any comparison must refer to the building context and the same boundary conditions of the various life cycle stages.
 For comparing EPDs of construction products, the rules set out in DIN EN 15804, Clause 5.3, apply.
 Any deviations from the average figures and variations in the environmental impacts are documented in the background report.
 Communication
 The communications format of this EPD meets the requirements of EN 15942:2012 and is therefore the basis for B2B communication. Only the nomenclature has been changed according to DIN EN 15804.

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# Verification

Verification of the Environmental Product Declaration is documented in accordance with the ift "Richtlinie zur Erstellung von Typ III Umweltproduktdeklarationen" (Guidance on preparing Type III Environmental Product Declarations) in accordance with the requirements set out in DIN EN ISO 14025.

This declaration is based on PCR documents "PCR Part A" PCR-A-0.3-2018, "Flat glass in building industry" PCR-FG-2.0:2021 as well as EN 17074.

The European standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a)</sup>								
Independent verification of the declaration and statement according								
to EN ISO 14025:2010								
Independent third party verifier: b)								
Patrick Wortner								
<sup>a)</sup> Product category rules								
<sup>b)</sup> Optional for business-to-business communication								
Mandatory for business-to-consumer communication								
(see EN ISO 14025:2010. 9.4).								
Demonsion Futomol								

# **Revisions of this document**

No.	Date	Note	Person in charge	External verifier
1	24.01.2024	External verification	Pscherer	Wortner
2	20.02.2024	Adjustment flow chart	Pscherer	-

Publication date: 24.01.2024

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#### 9 Annex

# Description of life cycle scenarios for Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit (double and triple structure)

Product	stage	Co struc proc sta	tion ess			Us	se stag	e*			E	nd-of-l	ife stag	е	Benefits and loads beyond system boundaries
A1 A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	В5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
<ul> <li>▲ Raw material supply</li> <li>▲ Transport</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>▲ production</li> </ul>	Transport	Construction/installation process	✓ Use	✓ maintenance	Repair	replacement	Refurbishment	✓ Operational energy use	✓ Operational water use	Ceconstruction/demolition	Transport	Vaste processing	Disposal	Reuse Recovery Recycling potential

Table 14 Overview of applied life cycle stages

The scenarios were calculated taking into account the defined RSL (see 4 Use stage).

The scenarios were furthermore based on the research project "EPDs for transparent building components" (1) and on EN 17074 (2) and EN 17213 (3).

<u>Note:</u> The standard scenarios selected are presented in bold type. They were also used for calculating the indicators in the summary table.

- ✓ Included in the LCA
- Not included in the LCA

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A4 Trai	nsport to constructior	site				
No.	Scenario		Descriptio	on		
A4.1	Transport from production site to construction sites AbroadAccording to the association: 34-40 t truck (Euro 0-6 mix), diesel, 27 t payload 100 % capacity utilization, approx. 600 km there back with 10 % capacity utilization. Total round trip: 1,200 km and 55 % capacity utilization <sup>1</sup>					
A4.2	Transport from produ to construction sites Domestic	ction site	34-40 t true capacity ut 10 % capa	ck (Eur tilizatio city uti	n, approx. 150 l lization.	el, 27 t payload, 100 % km there and back with % capacity utilization <sup>1</sup>
<sup>1</sup> Capacity	used: utilized loading capacity c	f the truck				· ·
A4 Transr	port to construction site	Transport w	eight [kg/m²]	De	ensity [kg/m³]	Capacity load factor <sup>2</sup>
LSG		-	.78		2.34	<1
IGU doub	le		.16		0.663	<1
IGU triple	-		.45		0.29 <sup>3</sup>	<1
•	= 1       Product completely fill         < 1	nused volume (e	.g.: air, filling ma			
A4 Transp	port to construction site per 1	kg	Unit		A4.1	A4.2
			Core indicat			
GWP-t			g CO₂ equivalen		0.12	3.09E-02
GWP-f			kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent		0.12	3.09E-02
GWP-b GWP-l			kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalen kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalen		-1.39E-03 1.14E-03	-3.49E-04 2.85E-04
ODP		r	kg CFC-11-eq.	il i	1.60E-14	4.00E-15
AP			mol H⁺-eq.		1.52E-04	3.81E-05
EP-fw			kg P-eq.		4.50E-07	1.12E-07
EP-m			kg N-eq.		5.27E-05	1.32E-05
EP-t			mol N-eq.		6.18E-04	1.54E-04
POCP			kg NMVOC-eq.		1.34E-04	3.35E-05
ADPF			MJ		1.68	0.42
ADPE			kg Sb equivalent		8.15E-09	2.04E-09
WDP			world-eq. depriv		1.49E-03	3.71E-04
DECE		F	Resource manag	gement		
PERE			MJ MJ		0.12	3.05E-02
PERM			MJ		0.00	0.00 3.05E-02
PENRE			MJ		1.68	0.42
PENRM			MJ		0.00	0.00
PENRT			MJ		1.68	0.42
SM			kg		0.00	0.00
RSF			MJ		0.00	0.00
NRSF			MJ		0.00	0.00
FW			m³		1.34E-04	3.34E-05
			Categories of v	waste		
HWD			kg		5.21E-12	1.30E-12
NHWD			kg		2.56E-04	6.41E-05

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RWD	kg	3.15E-06	7.87E-07					
Output material flows								
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00					
MFR	kg	0.00	0.00					
MER	kg	0.00	0.00					
EEE	MJ	0.00	0.00					
EET	MJ	0.00	0.00					
Ado	ditional environmental impact i	indicators						
РМ	Disease incidence	1.07E-09	2.68E-10					
IRP	kBq U235-eq.	4.69E-04	1.17E-04					
ETPfw	CTUe	1.20	0.30					
HTPc	CTUh	2.44E-11	6.09E-12					
HTPnc	CTUh	1.08E-09	2.71E-10					
SQP	dimensionless	0.70	0.17					

#### A5 Construction/Installation

No.	Scenario	Description
A5	Manual	The products are installed without additional lifting and auxiliary equipment.
		According to EN 17074, the glass products are delivered in the final configuration and ready for installation.

In case of deviating consumption during installation/assembly of the products which forms part of the site management, they are covered at the building level.

Ancillary materials, consumables, use of energy and water, other resource use, material losses, direct emissions as well as waste during construction / installation are negligible.

It is assumed that the packaging material in the Module construction / installation is sent to waste handling. Waste is recycled in line with the conservative approach. Foil, wood, paper/paperboard/cardboard for thermal recovery, metals for recycling. Reusable packaging is returned to the company and the costs of return transport are neglected. Benefits from A5 are specified in module D. Benefits from waste incineration: Benefits from waste incineration: electricity replaces electricity mix (RER); thermal energy replaces thermal energy from European natural gas (RER). Transport to the recycling plants is not taken into account.

Since this is a single scenario, the results are shown in the summary table.

#### B1 Use (not relevant)

Refer to Section 4 Use stage - Emissions to the environment. According to EN 17074, the use of glass products in buildings does not generate any environmental

#### B2 Cleaning, maintenance and repair

impact and may therefore be disregarded.

Since this is a single scenario, the results are shown in the relevant summary table.



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B2.1 Cl	eaning								
No.	Scenario	Description							
B2.1	Rarely, manualAccording to EN 17074: Manually with 0.2 I cleaning solution (0.2 I water with 0.01 I cleaner) per m², annually.								
distance	Ancillary materials, consumables, use of energy, material losses and waste as well as transport distances during cleaning are negligible.								
Since th	is is a single scenario, the results a	are shown in the relevant summary table.							
	<b>B2.2 Maintenance and repair (not relevant)</b> According to EN 17074, glass products do not require maintenance activities during their lifetime.								
	ated information refer to the resp ance from Joh. Sprinz GmbH & Co	ective instructions for assembly/installation, operation and b. KG.							
-	<ul> <li>materials, consumables, use of es during repair are negligible.</li> </ul>	energy and water, waste, material losses and transport							
Since th	is is a single scenario, the results a	are shown in the relevant summary table.							
	<b>air (not relevant)</b> ng to EN 17074, glass products do	not require repair activities during their service life.							
	ated information refer to the resp ance from Joh. Sprinz GmbH & Co	ective instructions for assembly/installation, operation and b. KG.							
	/ materials, consumables, use of es during repair are negligible.	energy and water, waste, material losses and transport							
Since th	is is a single scenario, the results a	are shown in the relevant summary table.							
B4 Exc	hange/replacement (not relevant	)							
No.	Scenario	Description							
B4.1	No replacement	According to EN 17074, a replacement is not planned.							
B4.2	Normal and high load and exceptional load	One-time replacement after 30 years (RSL)*							
	bitions for evaluation of possible environ ty of performance.	nmental impacts; statements made do not constitute any guaranty							
According to EN 17074, glass products do not require exchange activities during their service life									

According to EN 17074, glass products do not require exchange activities during their service life (30 years). Replacement activities of glass products installed in buildings are included in the service life of the glass products, which is why this module is not taken into account. Regarding the assumed 50-year building service life, the one-off replacement is still recognized for information purposes.



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For updated information refer to the respective instructions for assembly/installation, operation and maintenance from Joh. Sprinz GmbH & Co. KG.

In scenario B4.1, ancillary materials, consumables, use of energy and water, material losses, waste as well as transport distances during replacement are negligible.

The environmental impacts of the scenario B4.2 originate from the product, construction and disposal phases. Ancillary materials, consumables, use of energy and water, material losses, waste as well as transport distances during replacement are taken into account.

In the following table, the results were based on one year, taking into account the RSL.

B4 Exchange/	Unit	LSG, IGU double and IGU triple	LSG	IGU double	IGU triple
Replacement		B4.1	B4.2	B4.2	B4.2
		Core in	dicators		
GWP-t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.00	69.04	42.10	60.33
GWP-f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.00	68.71	42.03	60.24
GWP-b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.00	0.27	-2.02E-03	-9.75E-03
GWP-I	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.00	6.55E-02	7.22E-02	0.11
ODP	kg CFC-11-eq.	0.00	1.69E-07	7.94E-07	7.38E-07
AP	mol H+-eq.	0.00	0.17	0.11	0.15
EP-fw	kg P-eq.	0.00	1.18E-04	8.76E-05	1.19E-04
EP-m	kg N-eq.	0.00	3.33E-02	2.00E-02	2.93E-02
EP-t	mol N-eq.	0.00	0.47	0.30	0.44
POCP	kg NMVOC-eq.	0.00	0.11	5.97E-02	8.44E-02
ADPF	MJ	0.00	995.89	568.86	800.85
ADPE	kg Sb equivalent	0.00	2.62E-06	2.44E-05	3.87E-05
WDP	m <sup>3</sup> world-eq. deprived	0.00	6.02	3.26	4.80
		Resource r	nanagement		
PERE	MJ	0.00	146.60	86.19	120.75
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	0.00	146.60	86.19	120.75
PENRE	MJ	0.00	996.32	569.14	801.31
PENRM	MJ	0.00	7.11E-15	0.00	-3.55E-15
PENRT	MJ	0.00	996.32	569.14	801.31
SM	kg	0.00	7.65	5.60	8.27
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	0.00	0.20	0.13	0.18
		Categorie	s of waste	1	
HWD	kg	0.00	1.75E-06	1.30E-06	1.91E-06
NHWD	kg	0.00	31.16	20.57	30.63
RWD	kg	0.00	3.66E-02	1.39E-02	2.01E-02
	, ,	Output ma	terial flows		
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	0.00	15.59	12.73	18.46
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	0.00	4.41	2.28	2.79
EET	MJ	0.00	8.91	4.64	5.68
		Additional environme		-	
РМ	Disease incidence	0.00	2.92E-06	2.06E-06	3.02E-06
IRP	kBq U235-eq.	0.00	5.90	2.15	3.17
ETPfw	CTUe	0.00	2149.56	2181.33	2978.97
HTPc	CTUh	0.00	5.18E-06	3.94E-06	5.80E-06

# EPD Laminated safety glass and insulating glass unit Declaration code M-EPD-VMG-GB-001009

#### Publication date: 24.01.2024



#### Product group flat glass

HTPnc	CTUh	0.00	6.12E-04	4.49E-04	6.63E-04			
SQP	dimensionless	0.00	205.96	199.78	283.71			
<ul> <li>B5 Improvement/modernisation (not relevant) According to EN 17074, glass products do not require renewal activities during their service life. For updated information refer to the respective instructions for assembly/installation, operation and maintenance from Joh. Sprinz GmbH &amp; Co. KG. Ancillary materials, consumables, use of energy and water, material losses, waste as well as transport distances during replacement are negligible. Since this is a single scenario, the results are shown in the relevant summary table. B6 Operational energy use (not relevant) According to EN 17074, there is no energy consumption during normal use. There is no transport consumption for energy use in buildings. Ancillary materials, consumables and water, waste materials and other scenarios are negligible. Since this is a single scenario, the results are shown in the summary table. B7 Operational water use (not relevant) According to EN 17074, no water consumption occurs during intended operation. Water consumption for cleaning is specified in Module B2.1. There is no transport consumption for water use in buildings. Ancillary materials, consumables, waste materials and other scenarios are negligible.</li></ul>								
	nis is a single scenario, the		own in the relevar	nt summary table.				
	construction							
		Deer	rintian					
No.	Scenario	Desc	cription					
C1.1 Deconstruction (according to EN 17074) Deconstruction (according to EN 17074) Further deconstruction rates are possible, give adequate reasons.								
		adec			ible, give			
C1.2	Deconstruction (according to research p	Base	<b>quate reasons.</b> ed on the research	-				

No relevant inputs or outputs apply to both scenario. The energy consumed for deconstruction is negligible. Any arising consumption is marginal.

In case of deviating consumption the removal of the products forms part of site management and is covered at the building level.



#### Product group flat glass

As both scenarios have the same environmental impact, the results are shown in the summary table at C1.

#### C2 Transport

No.	Scenario	Description
C2.1	Transport (according to EN 17074)	Transport to collection point using 28-34 t truck (Euro 0-6 Mix), Diesel, 22 t payload; for total return trip: 50 % capacity utilization and 100 km.
C2.2	Transport (according to research project)	Transport to the collection point with 28-34 t truck (Euro 0- 6 mix), diesel, 22 t payload; for total return trip: 50 % capacity utilization and 100 km.

C2 Transport to recycling centre	Transport weight [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]					
oz mansport to recycling centre	C2.1	C2.2				
LSG	31.63	31.63				
IGU double	21.21	21.21				
IGU triple	31.35	31.35				

The results for scenario C2.1 can be found in the overall results tables. The calculation of the results for scenario C2.2 corresponds to the results of scenario C2.1 due to the same transport weights.

#### C3 Waste management

No.	Scenario	Description
C3.1	Current market situation (according to EN 17074)	<ul> <li>Share for recirculation of materials According to EN 17074:</li> <li>100% glass in melt</li> <li>Based on EN 17213*:</li> <li>Plastics (PVB foil, sealants, spacer components including glass fibre content) 100 % thermal recycling,</li> <li>Metals (aluminium, stainless steel) 100% recycled,</li> <li>Remainder to landfill/disposal.</li> <li>*Assumption made due to primary installation in windows and doors.</li> </ul>
C3.2	Current market situation (according to research project)	<ul> <li>Share for recirculation of materials</li> <li>Based on the research project:</li> <li>90% glass in melt</li> <li>Plastics (PVB foil, sealants, spacer components including glass fibre content) 100 % thermal recycling,</li> <li>Metals (aluminum, stainless steel) 90 % recycled,</li> <li>Remainder to landfill/disposal.</li> </ul>



#### **Product group flat glass**

Electricity consumption of recycling plant: 0.5 MJ/kg.

As the products are placed on the European market, the disposal scenario is based on average European data sets.

The below table presents the disposal processes and their percentage by mass/weight. The calculation is based on the above mentioned shares in percent related to the declared unit of the product system.

		Unit	LS	SG		IGU d	ouble		IGL	J triple
C3 Disposa	u	Unit	C3.1	C3.2	C3	.1	C3.2		C3.1	C3.2
Collection p	rocess, collected separa	tely kg	9.49	30.05	6.3	31	19.98		9.37	29.67
Collection pr	rocess, collected as mixe waste	ed kg	21.10	1.58	14.	72	1.05		21.86	1.56
Recovery sy	/stem, for re-use	kg	0.00	0.00	0.0	00	0.00		0.00	0.00
Recovery sy	/stem, for recycling	kg	9.00	25.65	6.0	)3	17.17		9.04	25.80
Recovery sy	/stem, for energy recove	ry kg	0.49	1.54	0.2	27	0.85		0.31	0.99
Disposal		kg	21.10	4.43	14.	73	3.01		21.88	4.49
C3	Unit		LSG		IGU d	ouble		İ	IGU ti	riple
Disposal	Unit	C3.1	C3.2	C3.	.1	(	03.2	С	3.1	C3.2
			Cor	e indicators						
GWP-t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	2.02	6.40	1.1	7	:	3.72	1.	.50	4.73
GWP-f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	2.02	6.38	1.1	7		3.71	1	.50	4.72
GWP-b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	4.78E-03	1.51E-02	2 <b>3.16E</b>	-03	1.0	0E-02	4.68	3E-03	1.48E-02
GWP-I	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	6.84E-05	2.17E-04	4 <b>4.45</b> E	-05	1.4	0E-04	6.47	7E-05	2.05E-04
ODP	kg CFC-11-eq.	1.04E-11	3.30E-11	1 6.90E	-12	2.1	8E-11	1.02	2E-11	3.24E-11
AP	mol H⁺-eq.	1.61E-03	5.10E-03	3 <b>1.02E</b>	-03	3.2	2E-03	1.44	4E-03	4.56E-03
EP-fw	kg P-eq.	2.13E-06	6.73E-06	6 <b>1.40E</b>	-06	4.4	5E-06	2.08	3E-06	6.58E-06
EP-m	kg N-eq.	4.15E-04	1.31E-03	3 <b>2.60E</b>	-04	8.2	24E-04	3.64	4E-04	1.15E-03
EP-t	mol N-eq.	4.99E-03	1.59E-02	2 3.08E	-03	9.7	′5E-03	4.23	3E-03	1.34E-02
POCP	kg NMVOC-eq.	1.10E-03	3.48E-03	3 6.89E	-04	2.1	8E-03	9.66	6E-04	3.06E-03
ADPF	MJ	12.01	38.09	7.9	4	2	5.09	11	.73	37.18
ADPE	kg Sb equivalent	8.74E-08	2.77E-07	7 <b>5.79</b> E	-08	1.8	3E-07	8.57	7E-08	2.72E-07
WDP	m <sup>3</sup> world-eq. deprived	0.27	0.86	0.1	6		0.52	0	.22	0.69
			Resour	ce manageme	nt					
PERE	MJ	7.06	22.36	4.6	8	1	4.82	6	.94	21.97
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.0			0.00		.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	7.06	22.36	4.6			4.82		.94	21.97
PENRE	MJ	25.02	79.27	14.8			6.79		0.41	64.65
PENRM	MJ	-10.00	-31.67	-5.2			16.70		.67	-21.13
PENRT	MJ	15.01	47.59	9.5			0.10		8.74	43.52
SM	kg	0.00	0.00	0.0			0.00		.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.0			0.00		.00	0.00
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.0			0.00		.00	0.00
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	9.11E-03	2.89E-02			1.7	'9E-02	7.80	DE-03	2.47E-02
		4.0== 4.5		ories of waste				• •	0 <b>-</b> 46	
HWD	kg	-4.87E-10	-1.54E-0				03E-09		2E-10	-1.53E-09
NHWD	kg	3.97E-02	0.13	2.26E			8E-02		5E-02	9.00E-02
RWD	kg	1.86E-03	5.89E-03	3 <b>1.24E</b>	:-03	3.9	91E-03	1.83	3E-03	5.81E-03

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#### Product group flat glass

			Output mat	erial flows			
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MFR	kg	9.00	25.60	6.03	17.20	9.04	25.80
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EEE	MJ	1.88	5.95	1.03	3.26	1.21	3.83
EET	MJ	4.31	13.70	2.36	7.47	2.77	8.78
		Addit	ional environmer	ntal impact indica	itors		
PM	Disease incidence	1.23E-08	3.89E-08	7.88E-09	2.50E-08	1.13E-08	3.59E-08
IRP	kBq U235-eq.	0.31	0.98	0.21	0.65	0.30	0.96
ETPfw	CTUe	5.27	16.64	3.48	11.04	5.15	16.38
HTPc	CTUh	1.87E-10	5.90E-10	1.22E-10	3.87E-10	1.79E-10	5.67E-10
HTPnc	CTUh	5.14E-09	1.63E-08	3.30E-09	1.05E-08	4.75E-09	1.51E-08
SQP	dimensionless	4.68	14.82	3.09	9.80	4.58	14.56

### C4 Disposal

No.	Scenario	Description			
C4.1	Market situation (according to EN 17074)	The non-recordable amounts and losses within the re-use/recycling chain (C1 and C3) are modelled as "disposed" (RER).			
C4.2	Market situation (according to research project)	The non-recordable amounts and losses within the re- use/recycling chain (C1 and C3) are modelled as "disposed" (RER).			

The consumption in scenario C4 results from physical pre-treatment, waste recycling and management of the disposal site. The benefits obtained here from the substitution of primary material production are allocated to Module D, e.g. electricity and heat from waste incineration.

C4 Disposal	Unit	LSG		IGU double		IGU triple	
		C4.1	C4.2	C4.1	C4.2	C4.1	C4.2
			Core ind	licators			
GWP-t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.42	8.46E-02	0.28	5.74E-02	0.42	8.57E-02
GWP-f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	0.43	8.66E-02	0.29	5.88E-02	0.43	8.76E-02
GWP-b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	-1.10E-02	-2.21E-03	-7.35E-03	-1.50E-03	-1.09E-02	-2.24E-03
GWP-I	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	1.34E-03	2.69E-04	8.94E-04	1.82E-04	1.33E-03	2.72E-04
ODP	kg CFC-11-eq.	1.10E-12	2.20E-13	7.32E-13	1.50E-13	1.09E-12	2.22E-13
AP	mol H⁺-eq.	3.07E-03	6.14E-04	2.04E-03	4.16E-04	3.03E-03	6.21E-04
EP-fw	kg P-eq.	8.71E-07	1.74E-07	5.80E-07	1.18E-07	8.61E-07	1.77E-07
EP-m	kg N-eq.	7.92E-04	1.59E-04	5.28E-04	1.08E-04	7.83E-04	1.60E-04
EP-t	mol N-eq.	8.72E-03	1.74E-03	5.80E-03	1.18E-03	8.62E-03	1.77E-03
POCP	kg NMVOC-eq.	2.39E-03	4.78E-04	1.59E-03	3.25E-04	2.37E-03	4.85E-04
ADPF	MJ	5.76	1.15	3.84	0.78	5.69	1.17
ADPE	kg Sb equivalent	1.99E-08	3.99E-09	1.33E-08	2.70E-09	1.98E-08	4.04E-09
WDP	m <sup>3</sup> world-eq. deprived	4.75E-02	9.50E-03	3.16E-02	6.45E-03	4.69E-02	9.62E-03
			Resource m	anagement			
PERE	MJ	0.94	0.19	0.62	0.13	0.93	0.19
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PERT	MJ	0.94	0.19	0.62	0.13	0.93	0.19
PENRE	MJ	36.10	3.32	19.83	1.92	25.94	2.61
PENRM	MJ	-23.34	-1.67	-12.30	-0.88	-15.57	-1.11
PENRT	MJ	12.76	1.65	7.53	1.05	10.37	1.50
SM	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

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#### **Product group flat glass**

NRSF         MJ         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           FW         m³         1.46E-03         2.91E-04         9.69E-04         1.98E-04         1.44E-03            HWD         kg         1.25E-10         2.51E-11         8.35E-11         1.70E-11         1.24E-10            NHWD         kg         28.86         5.77         19.11         3.91         28.47            RWD         kg         6.57E-05         1.31E-05         4.37E-05         8.92E-06         6.49E-05            CRU         kg         0.00 </th <th>0.00 2.95E-04 2.54E-11 5.84 1.33E-05 0.00</th>	0.00 2.95E-04 2.54E-11 5.84 1.33E-05 0.00						
HWD         kg         1.25E-10         2.51E-11         8.35E-11         1.70E-11         1.24E-10         1           NHWD         kg         28.86         5.77         19.11         3.91         28.47         1           RWD         kg         6.57E-05         1.31E-05         4.37E-05         8.92E-06         6.49E-05         1           CRU         kg         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         1           MFR         kg         0.00	5.84 1.33E-05						
NHWD         kg         28.86         5.77         19.11         3.91         28.47           RWD         kg         6.57E-05         1.31E-05         4.37E-05         8.92E-06         6.49E-05         1           CRU         kg         0.00	5.84 1.33E-05						
RWD         kg         6.57E-05         1.31E-05         4.37E-05         8.92E-06         6.49E-05           Output material flows           CRU         kg         0.00	1.33E-05						
CRU         kg         0.00         0.							
CRU         kg         0.00         0.	0.00						
MFR         kg         0.00         0.	0.00						
MER         kg         0.00         0.							
EEE         MJ         0.00         0.	0.00						
EET         MJ         0.00         0.	0.00						
Additional environmental impact indicators	0.00						
	0.00						
PM Disease incidence 3.77E-08 7.55E-09 2.51E-08 5.12E-09 3.73E-08	Additional environmental impact indicators						
	7.64E-09						
IRP kBq U235-eq. 7.59E-03 1.52E-03 5.06E-03 1.03E-03 7.50E-03	1.53E-03						
ETPfw CTUe 3.15 0.63 2.09 0.43 3.11	0.64						
HTPc         CTUh         4.84E-10         9.67E-11         3.22E-10         6.57E-11         4.78E-10	9.80E-11						
HTPnc         CTUh         5.32E-08         1.06E-08         3.54E-08         7.22E-09         5.25E-08	1 00E 00						
SQP         dimensionless         1.40         0.28         0.93         0.19         1.38	1.08E-08						

#### D Benefits and loads from beyond the system boundaries

No.	Scenario	Description <sup>1</sup>				
D1	Recycling potential (current market situation according to EN 17074)	Glass recyclate from C3 excluding the cullet used in A3 replace 60% of glass; Aluminium scrap from C3 excluding the secondary material used in A3 replaces 70.2% of aluminium; Stainless steel scrap from C3 excluding the secondary material used in A3 replaces 70.2% of stainless steel.				
		Benefits from incineration plant: Benefits from waste incineration: electricity replaces electricity mix (RER); thermal energy replaces thermal energy from European natural gas (RER).				
D2	Recycling potential (current market situation according to	Glass recyclate from C3 excluding the cullet used in A3 replace 60% of glass; Aluminium scrap from C3 excluding the secondary material used in A3 replaces 70.2% of aluminium; Stainless steel scrap from C3 excluding the secondary material used in A3 replaces 70.2% of stainless steel.				
	research project)	Benefits from incineration plant: Benefits from waste incineration: electricity replaces electricity mix (RER); thermal energy replaces thermal energy from European natural gas (RER).				

<sup>1</sup> Applied value correction factor over 70.2 % according to metal-specific data set, 60 % according to standard data set for other materials.

The values in Module D result from recycling of the packaging material in Module A5 and from deconstruction at the end of service life.

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### Product group flat glass

D	ecycling Unit		LSG		IGU double		IGU triple	
potential	Unit	D1	D2	D1	D2	D1	D2	
•			Core inc	licators				
GWP-t	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	-3.44	-9.84	-2.38	-6.68	-3.46	-9.77	
GWP-f	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	-3.42	-9.80	-2.37	-6.65	-3.45	-9.73	
GWP-b	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	-1.32E-02	-3.80E-02	-8.72E-03	-2.40E-02	-1.24E-02	-3.45E-02	
GWP-I	kg CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	-4.72E-04	-1.34E-03	-3.62E-04	-1.02E-03	-5.31E-04	-1.51E-03	
ODP	kg CFC-11-eq.	-9.17E-12	-2.63E-11	-6.38E-12	-1.74E-11	-8.96E-12	-2.46E-11	
AP	mol H⁺-eq.	-2.06E-02	-5.87E-02	-1.41E-02	-4.00E-02	-2.10E-02	-5.97E-02	
EP-fw	kg P-eq.	-2.42E-06	-6.92E-06	-1.69E-06	-4.63E-06	-2.39E-06	-6.63E-06	
EP-m	kg N-eq.	-6.00E-03	-1.71E-02	-4.05E-03	-1.15E-02	-6.03E-03	-1.72E-02	
EP-t	mol N-eq.	-6.83E-02	-0.19	-4.61E-02	-0.13	-6.87E-02	-0.20	
POCP	kg NMVOC-eq.	-1.20E-02	-3.43E-02	-8.19E-03	-2.32E-02	-1.22E-02	-3.45E-02	
ADPF	MJ	-53.27	-152.60	-36.68	-102.90	-53.27	-149.80	
ADPE	kg Sb equivalent	-1.05E-07	-3.00E-07	-1.16E-06	-3.28E-06	-1.58E-06	-4.49E-06	
WDP	m <sup>3</sup> world-eq. deprived	-0.21	-0.59	-0.16	-0.44	-0.22	-0.63	
			Resource m	anagement				
PERE	MJ	-6.20	-17.78	-4.46	-12.18	-6.22	-17.08	
PERM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
PERT	MJ	-6.20	-17.78	-4.46	-12.18	-6.22	-17.08	
PENRE	MJ	-53.27	-152.60	-36.68	-102.90	-53.34	-149.80	
PENRM	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
PENRT	MJ	-53.27	-152.60	-36.68	-102.90	-53.34	-149.80	
SM	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
RSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
NRSF	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	-7.35E-03	-2.11E-02	-5.65E-03	-1.56E-02	-7.98E-03	-2.23E-02	
			Categories	s of waste				
HWD	kg	-5.92E-09	-1.69E-08	-3.98E-09	-1.13E-08	-5.87E-09	-1.67E-08	
NHWD	kg	-0.41	-1.18	-0.28	-0.81	-0.42	-1.20	
RWD	kg	-1.58E-03	-4.54E-03	-1.11E-03	-3.02E-03	-1.55E-03	-4.26E-03	
			Output mat	1				
CRU	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MFR	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MER	kg	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
EEE	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
EET	MJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Disease	Addit	ional environmei	ntal impact indica	tors			
PM	incidence	-1.20E-07	-3.43E-07	-8.54E-08	-2.42E-07	-1.26E-07	-3.59E-07	
IRP	kBq U235-eq.	-0.26	-0.75	-0.18	-0.50	-0.26	-0.71	
ETPfw	CTUe	-57.19	-163.10	-38.71	-109.90	-57.68	-163.80	
HTPc	CTUh	-4.03E-10	-1.16E-09	-3.54E-10	-9.87E-10	-5.02E-10	-1.41E-09	
HTPnc	CTUh	-3.25E-08	-9.31E-08	-2.22E-08	-6.27E-08	-3.27E-08	-9.24E-08	
SQP	dimensionless	-4.35	-12.46	-3.06	-8.33	-4.30	-11.83	

#### Imprint

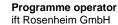


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#### Notes

This EPD is mainly based on the work and findings of Institut für Fenstertechnik e.V., Rosenheim (ift Rosenheim) and specifically on ift-Guideline NA-01/3 "Allgemeiner Leitfaden zur Erstellung von Typ III Umweltproduktdeklarationen" (Guidance on preparing Type III Environmental Product Declarations).

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